VERINT.

FY20 Fourth Quarter Conference Call

Actionable Intelligence®

March 31, 2020

Disclaimers

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements," including statements regarding expectations, predictions, views, opportunities, plans, strategies, beliefs, and statements of similar effect relating to Verint Systems Inc. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and they are based on management's expectations that involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other important factors, any of which could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation and, except as required by law, Verint assumes no obligation to update or revise them, or to provide reasons why actual results may differ. For a more detailed discussion of how these and other risks, uncertainties, and assumptions could cause Verint's actual results to differ materially from those indicated in its forward-looking statements, see Verint's prior filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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This presentation includes financial measures which are not prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), including certain constant currency measures. For a description of these non-GAAP financial measures, including the reasons management uses each measure, and reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, please see the appendices to this presentation, Verint's earnings press releases, as well as the GAAP to non-GAAP reconciliation found under the Investor Relations tab on Verint's website <u>Verint.com</u>.

Summary

Customer Engagement – Strong Cloud Momentum

Cyber Intelligence – Software Model Transition Ahead of Plan

Separation Progressing Well

Operations During COVID-19



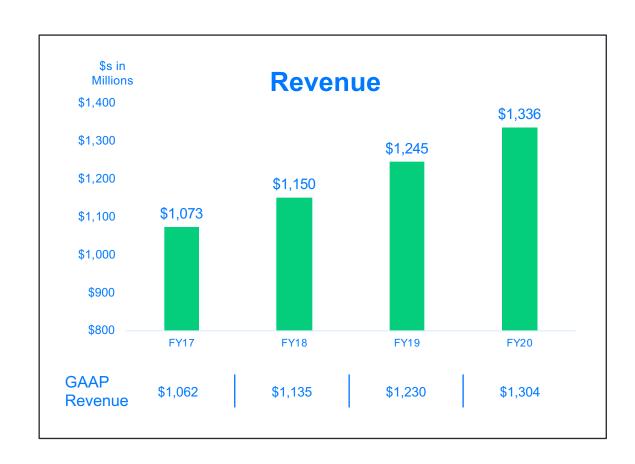
- Employee Safety
- Business Continuity

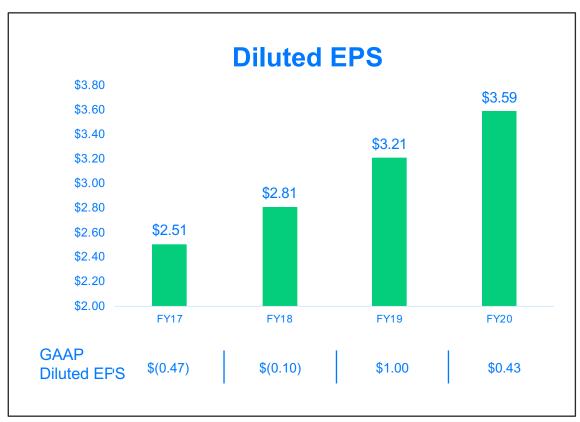


- Customer Activity
- Special COVID-19 Offerings

Another Year of Growth

Customer Engagement Cloud-First Strategy Cyber Intelligence Software Model Strategy





Customer Engagement – Q4 Highlights

Enterprise
Customers:
Notable Shift
to Cloud

Technology

\$18 Million

Cloud Renewal

Insurance

\$4 Million

Cloud Expansion

Healthcare

\$8 Million

New Cloud Customer

Financial Services

\$3 Million

Cloud Expansion

Insurance

\$5 Million

Cloud Conversion

Telecom Services

\$3 Million

Cloud Renewal

Large SSA Project

- Social Security Administration originally expected in Q4
- \$35 million perpetual software plus services in several stages

FY20: Accelerating Enterprise Cloud Adoption

Cloud First Strategy

- Market Adoption: Cloud Contracts TCV > \$1 million +93% y-o-y
- Verint Salesforce Behavior: Commission Plan Drives Cloud First
- Verint \$300+ Million Support Base: SaaS Conversion Program

Growing Cloud
Partners



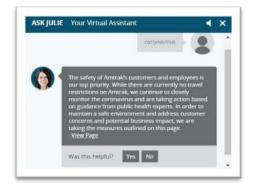
Cloud Transition Expected to be Substantially Completed in 3 Years Progress Report Card

Key Metric	FY19	FY20
Cloud Revenue Growth GAAP FY19 and FY20 was 23.4% and 43.2%, respectively.	22.5%	46.4%
New SaaS ACV Growth	57.6%	71.0%
New Perpetual License Equivalent Bookings Growth	N/A	7.3%
% of Software Revenue that is Recurring Revenue GAAP FY19 and FY20 was 70.4% and 74.8%, respectively.	71.0%	75.7%

Customer Engagement – COVID-19 Impact

Verint Helping Customers Navigate COVID-19







Analytics

Self-Service

Work at Home

Customers Focus on Analytics, Productivity and Compliance



Cyber Intelligence – Software Model Ahead of Plan

Revenue and Gross Profit

Constant Currency Revenue Growth

FY20: +7.7% y-o-y

GAAP FY20 +6.4% y-o-y

Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit Growth

FY20: +13.1% y-o-y

GAAP FY20 +13.1% y-o-y

Large Q4
Orders

~\$15 Million

~\$10 Million

Five Orders ~\$5 Million Each

FY20: Software Model Transition Ahead of Plan

Customer Benefits

Faster Innovation and Software Refresh Cycles

Verint Benefits

Competitive Differentiation Improved Margins

On-Going Reduction of Pass-Through Hardware and Customization Revenue Drives Gross Margin Expansion	FY18	FY19	FY20
Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin Note: GAAP FY18, FY19 and FY20 was 55.4%, 59.9% and 64.2%, respectively.	60.1%	62.0%	65.7%

Cyber Intelligence – COVID-19 Impact

Verint Helping Customers Navigate COVID-19



Quarantine Verification



Crime and Terrorism Intelligence

Our Customers are Responsible for Maintaining Law and Order in Times of Crisis

Separation Update – Significant Progress

Tax: Tax Ruling with both IRS and ITA (Israel Tax Authority) in Process

Financials: Required Carve-out Financial Statements in Process

Spin Documents: Drafting in Process

IT: Separation of Infrastructure and Applications in Process

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Customer Engagement Dashboard Available on our IR Website

					Three Mon	ths Ended				Year	Ended
		4/3	30/2019	7/3	31/2019	10/	/31/2019	1/	31/2020	1/31	/2020
(\$ in millions	s)	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric
	Software	\$171.0	\$179.8	\$177.3	\$184.3	\$185.1	\$191.3	\$180.8	\$185.5	\$714.3	\$740.9
w	Perpetual	\$47.6	\$47.6	\$48.0	\$48.0	\$43.7	\$43.7	\$40.5	\$40.5	\$179.9	\$179.9
Ë	Cloud	\$47.1	\$55.7	\$47.8	\$54.7	\$61.4	\$67.6	\$59.5	\$64.1	\$215.8	\$242.2
Metrics	Support	\$76.3	\$76.5	\$81.5	\$81.6	\$79.9	\$80.0	\$80.8	\$80.9	\$318.6	\$318.9
e	Professional Services	\$36.1	\$36.1	\$34.1	\$34.1	\$32.8	\$32.8	\$29.2	\$29.2	\$132.3	\$132.3
Revenue	Total Revenue	\$207.1	\$215.9	\$211.4	\$218.4	\$217.9	\$224.2	\$210.1	\$214.8	\$846.5	\$873.2
~ ~	Reported Revenue Growth	11.1%	14.1%	5.3%	7.6%	10.4%	11.3%	-0.7%	-1.4%	6.3%	7.6%
	Constant Currency Revenue Growth	13.2%	15.8%	6.6%	8.9%	11.4%	12.2%	-0.7%	-1.3%	7.4%	8.7%
Recurring Revenue Mix	% of Revenue that is Software Revenue	82.6%	83.3%	83.9%	84.4%	84.9%	85.4%	86.1%	86.4%	84.4%	84.9%
Recu Reve	% of Software Revenue that is Recurring Revenue	72.2%	73.5%	72.9%	74.0%	76.4%	77.1%	77.6%	78.2%	74.8%	75.7%
	New SaaS ACV		\$8.2		\$10.1		\$15.6		\$15.8		\$49.7
ngs	New SaaS ACV Growth YoY		37.6%		115.2%		131.0%		35.4%		71.0%
Bookings Metrics	New Perpetual License Equivalent Bookings		\$65.4		\$64.0		\$69.9		\$76.4		\$275.6
Δ _	Year-over-Year Growth		14.3%		7.9%		19.1%		-6.5%		7.3%
<u> </u>	Total Oron Foun Grown	<u> </u>	14.070		7.570		13.170		0.070		7.070
	Cloud Revenue	\$47.1	\$55.7	\$47.8	\$54.7	\$61.4	\$67.6	\$59.5	\$64.1	\$215.8	\$242.2
=	SaaS Bundled Revenue	\$27.2	\$34.4	\$27.2	\$33.6	\$30.1	\$35.8	\$31.4	\$35.6	\$115.9	\$139.4
Det	SaaS Unbundled Revenue	\$6.3	\$7.1	\$6.4	\$6.5	\$17.1	\$17.1	\$13.6	\$13.6	\$43.4	\$44.3
Cloud Detail	Optional Managed Services Revenue	\$13.6	\$14.2	\$14.2	\$14.6	\$14.2	\$14.7	\$14.5	\$14.9	\$56.5	\$58.4
<u> </u>											
	Cloud Revenue Growth YoY	43.6%	57.9%	30.6%	41.3%	63.4%	62.4%	36.5%	28.8%	43.2%	46.4%
	SaaS Revenue Growth YoY	39.0%	58.5%	25.8%	42.7%	71.7%	70.7%	43.7%	33.5%	45.3%	50.5%
	Estimated Fully Allocated Research and Development, net	\$32.2	\$30.1	\$33.0	\$30.6	\$31.5	\$29.3	\$30.4	\$27.0	\$127.1	\$116.9
ting Ise Ise	% of Revenue	15.5%	13.9%	15.6%	14.0%	14.4%	13.1%	14.5%	12.6%	15.0%	13.4%
Operating Expense Metrics	Estimated Fully Allocated Selling, General and Administrative	\$80.1	\$67.5	\$84.4	\$69.0	\$77.8	\$65.6	\$79.2	\$61.3	\$321.6	\$263.4
o o o ≤	% of Revenue	38.7%	31.2%	39.9%	31.6%	35.7%	29.3%	37.7%	28.5%	38.0%	30.2%
	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit	\$132.2	\$147.8	\$135.0	\$149.5	\$143.4	\$157.1	\$135.9	\$148.5	\$546.5	\$602.8
Profitability Metrics	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin %	63.8%	68.4%	63.8%	68.4%	65.8%	70.1%	64.7%	69.2%	64.6%	69.0%
abil	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Income	\$12.4	\$50.2	\$10.0	\$49.8	\$26.5	\$62.2	\$18.2	\$60.2	\$67.0	\$222.5
ofit	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Margin %	6.0%	23.3%	4.7%	22.8%	12.1%	27.8%	8.6%	28.0%	7.9%	25.5%
<u>r</u>	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA		\$55.3		\$54.9		\$67.9		\$66.0		\$244.2
	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA Margin		25.6%		25.2%		30.3%		30.7%		28.0%

Benefits of Cloud Transition

Faster Innovation for our Customers

Subscription Model Aligns with Customer Buying Preference

Increases Lifetime Value of Each Customer

Drives Greater Adoption of our Portfolio

Visibility Increasing as our Recurring Revenue Increases

Cyber Intelligence Dashboard Available on our IR Website

					Three Mor	nths Ended				Year	Ended
		4/30	/2019	7/31	/2019	10/3	1/2019	1/31	/2020	1/31	/2020
(\$ in million	s)	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP
ss se	Recurring Revenue	\$46.8	\$46.9	\$46.2	\$46.2	\$47.5	\$47.5	\$52.1	\$52.6	\$192.6	\$193.2
Revenue Metrics	Nonrecurring Revenue	\$61.4	\$61.4	\$66.7	\$66.7	\$59.4	\$59.4	\$77.1	\$82.1	\$264.5	\$269.6
Re	Total Revenue	\$108.2	\$108.3	\$112.9	\$112.9	\$106.9	\$106.9	\$129.1	\$134.7	\$457.1	\$462.8
				-		=					
h SS	Reported Revenue Growth YoY	5.3%	5.3%	7.0%	7.0%	0.4%	0.4%	8.8%	13.3%	5.5%	6.7%
Growth	Constant Currency Revenue Growth YoY	7.1%	7.0%	8.0%	8.0%	1.4%	1.4%	9.5%	13.6%	6.4%	7.7%
ρ̈́ğ	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit Growth YoY	22.2%	18.2%	18.3%	16.5%	7.5%	6.2%	7.0%	12.2%	13.1%	13.1%
g a w	Estimated Fully Allocated Research and Development, net	\$25.0	\$23.9	\$25.7	\$24.4	\$26.2	\$25.0	\$27.7	\$25.9	\$104.6	\$99.2
atin ense rics	% of Revenue	23.1%	22.0%	22.8%	21.6%	24.5%	23.4%	21.5%	19.2%	22.9%	21.4%
Operating Expense Metrics	Estimated Fully Allocated Selling, General and Administrative	\$41.6	\$34.9	\$41.8	\$33.6	\$38.5	\$31.9	\$45.4	\$35.8	\$167.3	\$136.3
O D D	% of Revenue	38.5%	32.2%	37.1%	29.8%	36.0%	29.9%	35.1%	26.6%	36.6%	29.4%
	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit	\$68.9	\$70.8	\$72.9	\$74.1	\$68.2	\$69.2	\$83.5	\$90.2	\$293.4	\$304.3
Profitability Metrics	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin %	63.7%	65.4%	64.6%	65.6%	63.7%	64.7%	64.6%	67.0%	64.2%	65.7%
abi	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Income	\$2.1	\$12.1	\$5.3	\$16.1	\$3.4	\$12.2	\$10.1	\$28.5	\$20.9	\$68.8
ofit; Met	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Margin %	2.0%	11.1%	4.7%	14.3%	3.1%	11.4%	7.8%	21.1%	4.6%	14.9%
Pro	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA		\$14.8		\$18.9		\$15.2		\$31.6		\$80.4
	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA Margin		13.6%		16.7%		14.2%	·	23.4%		17.4%

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Benefits of Software Model Transition

Faster Innovation and Software Refresh Cycles for Our Customers

Competitive Differentiation is Increasing

Higher Gross Margins

Higher Operating Margins

Strong Balance Sheet and Liquidity

	As of 3/31/2020
Total Assets	~\$3B
Cash and Short-term Investments	>\$550 million (excludes Apax investment of \$200 million)
\$300 Million Buyback Program	\$150 million buyback completed
Net Debt	<\$450 million
Net Debt/FY20 Adjusted EBITDA	~1.4x

Mission Critical Software

Customer Engagement

10,000 customers rely on Verint's solution to drive productivity, ensure compliance and detect fraud

> 75% of revenue from large enterprises across financial services, healthcare, utilities, technology and government

Travel and hospitality < 5%

Cyber Intelligence

1,000 customers rely on Verint to provide law and order in times of peace and crisis

> 75% of revenue from ~500 government agencies across 100+ countries

Large enterprises

Outlook

Due to COVID-19 - we are unable to provide guidance at this time

Long-term growth drivers intact

We remain focused on our cloud-first and software model strategies

Summary

Customer Engagement – Strong Cloud Momentum

Cyber Intelligence – Software Model Transition Ahead of Plan

Separation Progressing Well

Appendix

Consolidated Summary Metrics

Third Monday Ended										real	Lilucu				Third mon	illis Eliaca				i cui i	Lilaca
		4/30	0/2018	7/31	/2018	10/3	1/2018	1/31	/2019	1/31	/2019	4/30	/2019	7/31	/2019	10/3	1/2019	1/31	/2020	1/31/	/2020
(\$ in millions)		GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP
Revenue	Total Revenue	\$289.2	\$292.0	\$306.3	\$308.5	\$304.0	\$308.0	\$330.2	\$336.7	\$1,229.7	\$1,245.1	\$315.3	\$324.2	\$324.3	\$331.3	\$324.9	\$331.1	\$339.2	\$349.5	\$1,303.6	\$1,336.0
	,	•							•	•											
	Segment Expenses*	\$229.6	\$203.9	\$230.4	\$205.2	\$222.3	\$199.2	\$232.1	\$206.0	\$914.4	\$814.3	\$244.8	\$218.0	\$249.0	\$221.0	\$238.2	\$211.3	\$249.5	\$217.1	\$981.5	\$867.4
por	% of Total Expenses	81.5%	83.0%	83.1%	83.7%	82.2%	83.4%	81.0%	82.9%	82.0%	83.2%	81.4%	83.3%	80.6%	83.3%	80.7%	82.3%	80.2%	83.2%	80.7%	83.0%
Sha Supl Met	Shared Support Expenses**	\$52.0	\$41.9	\$46.7	\$39.9	\$48.0	\$39.6	\$54.4	\$42.5	\$201.1	\$163.9	\$56.0	\$43.9	\$60.0	\$44.4	\$56.8	\$45.4	\$61.4	\$43.7	\$234.3	\$177.3
0)	% of Total Expenses	18.5%	17.0%	16.9%	16.3%	17.8%	16.6%	19.0%	17.1%	18.0%	16.8%	18.6%	16.7%	19.4%	16.7%	19.3%	17.7%	19.8%	16.8%	19.3%	17.0%
	·																				
	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit	\$175.1	\$186.5	\$193.0	\$203.3	\$192.7	\$204.1	\$219.7	\$234.9	\$780.5	\$828.9	\$201.1	\$218.6	\$207.9	\$223.6	\$211.6	\$226.2	\$219.3	\$238.7	\$839.9	\$907.1
.≩. "	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin %	60.6%	63.9%	63.0%	65.9%	63.4%	66.3%	66.5%	69.8%	63.5%	66.6%	63.8%	67.4%	64.1%	67.5%	65.1%	68.3%	64.7%	68.3%	64.4%	67.9%
ii gi	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Income	\$7.8	\$46.1	\$29.2	\$63.4	\$33.7	\$69.2	\$43.6	\$88.2	\$114.2	\$266.9	\$14.5	\$62.3	\$15.3	\$65.9	\$29.8	\$74.4	\$28.3	\$88.7	\$87.9	\$291.3
ofit: Net	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Margin %	2.7%	15.8%	9.5%	20.6%	11.1%	22.5%	13.2%	26.2%	9.3%	21.4%	4.6%	19.2%	4.7%	19.9%	9.2%	22.5%	8.3%	25.4%	6.7%	21.8%
Ę	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA		\$54.3		\$70.7		\$76.3		\$95.4		\$296.7		\$70.1		\$73.8		\$83.1		\$97.6		\$324.6
	Fully Allocated Estimated Adjusted EBITDA Margin		18.6%		22.9%		24.8%		28.3%		23.8%		21.6%		22.3%		25.1%		27.9%		24.3%
																					F

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Consolidated Revenue

			Three Months	Ended			Year Ended			Three Mon	iths I	Ended		1	Year Ended
(\$ in millions)		4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019		10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Customer Engagement	\$	186.5 \$	\$ 200.8 \$	197.5 \$	S 211.5	\$	796.3	\$	207.1 \$	5 211.4	\$	217.9 \$	210.1	\$	846.5
Cyber Intelligence	•	102.7	105.5	106.5	118.7	•	433.4	•	108.2	112.9	•	106.9	129.1	,	457.1
GAAP Total Revenue	\$	289.2 \$			-	\$	1,229.7	\$	315.3 \$		\$	324.9 \$	339.2	\$	1,303.6
Revenue Adjustments:															l
Customer Engagement	\$	2.7 \$	\$ 2.2 \$	4.0 \$	6.3	\$	15.0	\$	8.8 \$	7.0	\$	6.2 \$	4.7	\$	26.7
Cyber Intelligence		0.1	· -	- -	0.2		0.4		0.1	- -	·	-	5.6		5.7
Total Revenue Adjustments	\$	2.8 \$	\$ 2.2 \$	4.0 \$		\$	15.4	\$	8.9 \$	7.0	\$	6.2 \$		_	32.4
Non-GAAP Revenue by Segment:															
Customer Engagement	\$	189.2 \$	\$ 203.0 \$	201.5 \$	217.8	\$	811.3	\$	215.9 \$	218.4	\$	224.2 \$	214.8	\$	873.2
Cyber Intelligence		102.8	105.5	106.5	118.9		433.8		108.3	112.9		106.9	134.7		462.8
Non-GAAP Total Revenue	\$	292.0 \$	\$ 308.5 \$	308.0 \$	336.7	\$	1,245.1	\$	324.2 \$	331.3	\$	331.1 \$	349.5	\$	1,336.0

Consolidated Gross Profit

		Three Months	Ended		,	Year Ended			Three Months	Ended		,	Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Total GAAP revenue	\$ 289.2 \$	306.3 \$	304.0 \$	330.2	\$	1,229.7	\$	315.3 \$	324.3 \$	324.9 \$	339.2	\$	1,303.6
Segment product costs	33.8	31.9	32.0	27.8		125.6		26.3	27.5	28.5	36.4		118.7
Segment service expenses	68.6	71.3	68.3	71.4		279.5		76.5	76.8	73.0	71.0		297.3
Amortization of acquired technology	7.4	5.5	6.0	6.5		25.4		6.7	5.6	6.0	5.7		24.0
Stock-based compensation expenses (1)	8.0	1.9	1.4	1.6		5.7		1.4	2.0	1.8	3.0		8.2
Shared support expenses allocation (2)	3.4	2.7	3.7	3.1		13.0		3.3	4.5	4.0	3.7		15.5
Total GAAP cost of revenue	\$ 114.1 \$	113.3 \$	111.3 \$	110.4	\$	449.2	\$	114.2 \$	116.4 \$	113.3 \$	119.9	\$	463.8
GAAP gross profit GAAP gross margin	\$ 175.1 \$ 60.6%	193.0 \$ 63.0%	192.7 \$ 63.4%	219.7 66.5%	\$	780.5 63.5%	\$	201.1 \$ 63.8%	207.9 \$ 64.1%	211.6 \$ 65.1%	219.3 64.7%	\$	839.9 64.4%
Revenue adjustments	2.8	2.2	4.0	6.5		15.4		8.9	7.0	6.2	10.3		32.4
Amortization of acquired technology	7.4	5.5	5.9	6.5		25.4		6.7	5.6	6.0	5.7		24.0
Stock-based compensation expenses (1)	0.8	1.9	1.4	1.6		5.7		1.4	2.0	1.8	3.0		8.2
Acquisition expenses, net (3)	-	-	-	0.3		0.4		-	_	0.0	0.1		0.1
Restructuring expenses (3)	0.4	0.7	0.1	0.3		1.5		0.5	1.1	0.7	0.4		2.5
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 186.5 \$	203.3 \$	204.1 \$	234.9	\$	828.9	\$	218.6 \$	223.6 \$	226.2 \$	238.7	\$	907.1
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross margin	63.9%	65.9%	66.3%	69.8%	-	66.6%	•	67.4%	67.5%	68.3%	68.3%	•	67.9%

Consolidated Operating and EBITDA Margins

		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended			Three Months	Ended		Y	ear Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30	0/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
GAAP operating income GAAP operating margin	\$ 7.8 \$ 2.7%	29.2 \$ 9.5%	33.7 \$ 11.1%	43.6 13.2%	\$ 114.2 9.3%	\$	14.5 \$ 4.6%	15.3 \$	29.8 \$ 9.2%	28.3 8.3%	\$	87.9 6.7%
Revenue adjustments	2.8	2.2	4.0	6.5	15.4		8.9	7.0	6.2	10.3		32.4
Amortization of acquired technology	7.4	5.5	6.0	6.5	25.4		6.7	5.6	6.0	5.7		24.0
Amortization of other acquired intangible assets	7.7	7.4	7.5	8.3	31.0		7.7	7.6	7.8	8.3		31.5
Stock-based compensation expenses	16.4	17.5	16.6	16.2	66.7		17.1	20.6	18.6	26.5		82.7
Acquisitions expenses, net	2.3	0.1	1.9	5.6	9.9		4.0	2.5	2.2	2.4		10.9
Restructuring expenses	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.8	4.9		1.4	1.6	2.1	1.4		6.6
Separation expenses	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3		0.0	0.2	1.5	3.6		5.3
Impairment charges	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-
Other adjustments	0.5	0.5	(1.5)	(0.4)	(0.9)		2.0	5.5	0.4	2.2		10.1
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP operating			, ,	· , ,								
income	\$ 46.1 \$	63.4 \$	69.2 \$	88.2	\$ 266.9	\$	62.3 \$	65.9 \$	74.4 \$	88.7	\$	291.3
Depreciation and amortization (7)	8.2	7.3	7.1	7.2	29.8		7.8	7.9	8.7	8.9		33.3
Estimated adjusted EBITDA Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP operating	\$ 54.3 \$	70.7 \$	76.3 \$	95.4	\$ 296.7	\$	70.1 \$	73.8 \$	83.1 \$	97.6	\$	324.6
margin	15.8%	20.6%	22.5%	26.2%	21.4%		19.2%	19.9%	22.5%	25.4%		21.8%
Estimated fully allocated adjusted EBITDA	18.6%	22.9%	24.8%	28.3%	23.8%		21.6%	22.3%	25.1%	27.9%		24.3%

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Consolidated Constant Currency

		Three Month			Year Ended		Three Month	hs En	nded		Year Ended			
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018		7/31/2018	10/31/2018		1/31/2019		1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	1	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
GAAP														
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 261.0	\$	274.8	\$ 280.7	\$	318.7	\$	1,135.2	\$ 289.2	\$ 306.3	\$	304.0 \$	330.2	\$ 1,229.7
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 289.2	\$	306.3	\$ 304.0	\$	330.2	\$	1,229.7	\$ 315.3	\$ 324.3	\$	324.9 \$	339.2	\$ 1,303.6
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (8)	\$ 284.0	\$	305.0	\$ 307.0	\$	335.0	\$	1,230.0	\$ 321.0	\$ 328.0	\$	328.0 \$	340.0	\$ 1,316.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	10.8%		11.5%	8.3%		3.6%		8.3%	9.0%	5.9%		6.9%	2.7%	6.0%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	 -2.0%		-0.5%	1.1%		1.5%		0.0%	 2.0%	1.2%		1.0%	0.3%	1.0%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	8.8%		11.0%	9.4%		5.1%		8.3%	11.0%	7.1%		7.9%	3.0%	7.0%
Non-GAAP														
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 265.7	\$	278.2	\$ 283.8	\$	322.7	\$	1,150.4	\$ 292.0	\$ 308.5	\$	308.0 \$	336.7	\$ 1,245.1
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 292.0	\$	308.5	\$ 308.0	\$	336.7	\$	1,245.1	\$ 324.2	\$ 331.3	\$	331.1 \$	349.5	\$ 1,336.0
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (8)	\$ 286.0	\$	307.0	\$ 311.0	\$	341.0	\$	1,245.0	\$ 329.0	\$ 335.0	\$	334.0 \$	350.0	\$ 1,349.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	9.9%		10.9%	8.5%		4.3%		8.2%	11.0%	7.4%		7.5%	3.8%	7.3%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	 -2.3%		-0.6%	1.1%		1.4%		0.0%	 1.7%	1.2%		0.9%	0.2%	1.0%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	 7.6%		10.3%	9.6%		5.7%		8.2%	12.7%	8.6%		8.4%	4.0%	8.3%

Consolidated Operating Expenses

			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended
						4								
(\$ in millions)		4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Research and Development, net														,
Segment expenses	\$	44.0 \$	43.6 \$	43.1 \$	45.1	\$	175.9	\$	48.4 \$	49.3 \$	48.0	\$ 46.1	\$	191.7
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)	•	1.5	3.0	2.7	2.6		9.9		2.6	3.4	3.0	4.5		13.4
Shared support service allocation (5)		6.6	5.6	5.8	5.4		23.3		6.2	6.0	6.8	7.5		26.5
GAAP research and development, net	\$	52.1 \$	52.2 \$		53.1	\$		\$		58.7 \$				
as a % of GAAP revenue	•	18.0%	17.1%	17.0%	16.1%	-	17.0%	-	18.1%	18.0%	17.8%	17.1%	,	17.8%
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)		(1.5)	(3.0)	(2.7)	(2.6)		(9.9)		(2.6)	(3.4)	(3.0)	(4.5)		(13.4)
Acquisition expenses, net (6)		-	-	-	(0.2)		(0.2)		(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.3)		(8.0)
Restructuring expenses (6)		-	-	(0.3)	(0.1)	_	(0.5)		(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.4)	<u>_</u>	(1.3)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP research and development, net	\$	50.6 \$	•					\$	•	55.0 \$			·	-
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		17.3%	15.9%	15.8%	14.9%		15.9%		16.6%	16.6%	16.4%	15.1%		16.2%
Selling, General and Administrative expenses														
Segment expenses	\$	58.8 \$	59.7 \$	57.0 \$	63.8	\$	239.3	\$	69.8 \$	70.5 \$	64.6	\$ 66.0	\$	270.9
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)	*	14.1	12.5	12.5	12.0	•	51.1	-	13.1	15.2	13.8	19.0		61.1
Shared support service allocation (5)		34.6	31.9	30.4	38.9		135.8		38.9	40.6	37.9	39.6		156.9
(1, mod 11, property 1, mod 1, property 1,	\$	107.5 \$			114.7	_		\$		126.3 \$				
GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	•		•			•			·	•		•	•	
as a % of GAAP revenue		37.2%	34.0%	32.9%	34.7%		34.7%		38.6%	38.9%	35.8%	36.7%	ı	37.5%
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)		(14.1)	(12.5)	(12.5)	(12.0)	,	(51.1)		(13.1)	(15.2)	(13.8)	(19.0))	(61.1)
Acquisition expenses, net (6)		(2.3)	(0.1)	`(1.9)	`(5.1)		(9.4)		(3.7)	(2.3)	(2.0)	(2.0)		(10.0)
Restructuring expenses (6)		(0.6)	(0.2)	(0.7)	(1.4)		(3.0)		(0.5)	(0.5)	(1.1)	(0.6)		(2.7)
Separation expenses (6)		(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)		(0.3)		(0.0)	(0.2)	(1.5)	(3.6)		(5.3)
Impairment charges (6)		-	-	· -	`- ´		-		· -	-	-	- 1		-
Other adjustments (6)		(0.5)	(0.5)	1.5	0.4		0.9		(2.0)	(5.5)	(0.4)	(2.2)	, _	(10.1)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	89.9 \$	90.7 \$	86.3 \$	96.5	\$	363.4	\$	102.4 \$	102.6 \$				
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		30.8%	29.4%	28.0%	28.7%	,	29.2%		31.6%	31.0%	29.5%	27.8%	,	29.9%

Consolidated Other Expense, Tax and Net Income

		Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended		Three Months E	Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	ı 🗾	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
Other Expense Reconciliation											
GAAP other expense, net	\$ (8.7) \$	(10.0) \$	(7.8) \$	(9.9)	\$	(36.5)	\$ (9.3) \$	(7.5) \$	(7.6) \$	(10.1)	\$ (34.6)
Unrealized losses (gains) on derivatives, net	(0.5)	0.4	0.4	0.9		1.1	0.7	0.6	0.2	-	1.5
Amortization of convertible note discount	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0		11.9	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.2	12.5
Losses and expenses on early retirement or modification of debt	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition expenses, net	-	0.3	-	0.1		0.4	(0.1)	-	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)
Restructuring expenses	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment charges	 								-		-
Non-GAAP other expense, net	\$ (6.3) \$	(6.4) \$	(4.5) \$	(5.9)	\$	(23.1)	\$ (5.6) \$	(3.8) \$	(4.3) \$	(7.0)	\$ (20.7)
Tax Provision (Benefit) Reconciliation											
GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ 0.3 \$	(3.7) \$	5.6 \$	5.4	\$	7.5	\$ 1.4 \$	(4.5) \$	9.2 \$	11.5	\$ 17.6
GAAP effective income tax rate	-28.8%	-19.4%	21.7%	16.0%		9.7%	27.3%	-58.0%	41.5%	63.3%	33.1%
Non-GAAP tax adjustments	4.0	9.7	1.4	4.2		19.4	4.0	9.5	(3.5)	(5.9)	4.1
Non-GAAP provision for income taxes	\$ 4.3 \$	6.0 \$	7.0 \$	9.6	\$	26.9	\$ 5.4 \$	5.0 \$	5.8 \$		\$ 21.7
Non-GAAP effective income tax rate	10.7%	10.5%	10.8%	11.7%		11.0%	9.5%	8.0%	8.2%	6.8%	8.0%
Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Verint Systems Inc.											
Reconciliation											ļ
GAAP net (loss) income attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$ (2.2) \$	22.0 \$	18.9 \$	27.3	\$	66.0	\$ 1.6 \$	10.6 \$	11.7 \$	4.9	\$ 28.7
Total GAAP net (loss) income adjustments	36.7	28.1	37.5	44.4		146.7	47.5	44.9	51.4	69.5	213.3
Non-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$ 34.5 \$	50.1 \$	56.4 \$	71.7	\$	212.7	\$ 49.1 \$	55.5 \$	63.1 \$	74.3	\$ 241.9

Consolidated EPS and Diluted Shares Outstanding

			Three Mont	hs Ended		Year Ended		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions, except share and per share data; shares in thousands)	4/3	30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
GAAP diluted net (loss) income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	(0.03) \$	0.33	\$ 0.29 \$	0.41	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.02 \$	0.16 \$	0.17 \$	0.07	\$ 0.43
Non-GAAP diluted net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	0.53 \$	0.76	\$ 0.85 \$	1.08	\$ 3.21	\$ 0.73 \$	0.82 \$	0.94 \$	1.11	\$ 3.59
GAAP weighted-average shares used in computing diluted net (loss) income per common share		63,928	65,840	66,200	66,504	66,245	67,088	67,519	67,442	66,999	67,355
Additional weighted-average shares applicable to non-GAAP net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc		1,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-GAAP diluted weighted-average shares used in computing net income per common share		65,131	65,840	66,200	66,504	66,245	67,088	67,519	67,442	66,999	67,355

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Consolidated Debt

		As of	As of
(\$ in millions)	1/31/2019		1/31/2020
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$	4.3	\$ 4.3
Long-term debt		777.8	832.8
Unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs		36.6	22.3
Gross debt		818.7	859.4
Less:			
Cash and cash equivalents		370.0	379.1
Restricted cash and cash equivalents, and restricted bank time deposits		42.3	43.9
Short-term investments		32.3	20.2
Long-term restricted cash, cash equivalents, bank time deposits and investments		23.1	26.4
Net debt, including long-term restricted cash, cash equivalents, bank time deposits, and investments	\$	351.0	\$ 389.8

Consolidated Footnotes

Note: Amounts may not foot throughout the workbook due to rounding.

- (1) Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual segment operations and service expense wages, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks) applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net and restructuring expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- (4) Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to research and development, net and selling, general and administrative, allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- (5) Represents our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks), allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net, restructuring expenses, separation expenses, impairment charges and other adjustments, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents certain depreciation and amortization expenses, which are otherwise included in our non-GAAP operating income, allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative adjusted EBITDA of our two businesses.
- Revenue for the current period at constant currency is calculated by translating current-period GAAP or non-GAAP foreign currency revenue (as applicable) into U.S. dollars using average foreign currency exchange rates for the same prior period rather than actual current-period foreign currency exchange rates.

Consolidated Supplemental Info Non-GAAP Measures

The following tables include reconciliations of certain financial measures not prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), consisting of non-GAAP revenue, non-GAAP software (includes cloud and support), non-GAAP professional services, non-GAAP recurring revenue, non-GAAP nonrecurring revenue, non-GAAP cloud revenue, non-GAAP SaaS revenue, non-GAAP optional managed services revenue, estimated fully allocated cost of revenue, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated gross profit and gross margins, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated research and development, net, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated selling, general and administrative expenses, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated operating income and operating margins, non-GAAP other income (expense), net, non-GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes and non-GAAP effective income tax rate, non-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., non-GAAP net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc., estimated fully allocated adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margins, net debt, non-GAAP segment expenses, non-GAAP shared support expenses and constant currency measures. The tables above include a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure for completed periods presented in this press release to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

We believe these non-GAAP financial measures, used in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures, provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business by:

- •facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends between periods, by excluding certain items that either can vary significantly in amount and frequency, are based upon subjective assumptions, or in certain cases are unplanned for or difficult to forecast.
- *facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends with other technology companies who publish similar non-GAAP measures, and
- •allowing investors to see and understand key supplementary metrics used by our management to run our business, including for budgeting and forecasting, resource allocation, and compensation matters.

We also make these non-GAAP financial measures available because a number of our investors have informed us that they find this supplemental information useful.

Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation as substitutes for, or superior to, comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures we present have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP, and these non-GAAP financial measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures do not represent discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business, and we may in the future incur expenses similar to or in addition to the adjustments made in these non-GAAP financial measures. Other companies may calculate similar non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Our non-GAAP financial measures are calculated by making the following adjustments to our GAAP financial measures:

- *Revenue adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP revenue the impact of fair value adjustments required under GAAP relating to cloud services and customer support contracts acquired in a business acquisition, which would have otherwise been recognized on a stand-alone basis. We believe that it is useful for investors to understand the total amount of revenue that we and the acquired company would have recognized on a stand-alone basis under GAAP, absent the accounting adjustment associated with the business acquisition. Our non-GAAP revenue also reflects certain adjustments from aligning an acquired company's revenue recognition policies to our policies. We believe that our non-GAAP revenue measure helps management and investors understand our revenue trends and serves as a useful measure of ongoing business performance.
- •Amortization of acquired technology and other acquired intangible assets. When we acquire an entity, we are required under GAAP to record the fair values of the intangible assets of the acquired entity and amortize those assets over their useful lives. We exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets, including acquired technology, from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions. We also exclude these amounts to provide easier comparability of pre- and post-acquisition operating results.
- •Stock-based compensation expenses. We exclude stock-based compensation expenses related to restricted stock awards, stock bonus programs, bonus share programs, and other stock-based awards from our non-GAAP financial measures. We evaluate our performance both with and without these measures because stock-based compensation is typically a non-cash expense and can vary significantly over time based on the timing, size and nature of awards granted, and is influenced in part by certain factors which are generally beyond our control, such as the volatility of the price of our common stock. In addition, measurement of stock-based compensation is subject to varying valuation methodologies and subjective assumptions, and therefore we believe that excluding stock-based compensation from our non-GAAP financial measures allows for meaningful comparisons of our current operating results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.
- *Unrealized gains and losses on certain derivatives, net. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures unrealized gains and losses on certain foreign currency derivatives which are not designated as hedges under accounting guidance. We exclude unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivatives that serve as economic hedges against variability in the cash flows of recognized assets or liabilities, or of forecasted transactions. These contracts, if designated as hedges under accounting guidance, would be considered "cash flow" hedges. These unrealized gains and losses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are non-cash transactions which are highly variable from period to period. Upon settlement of these foreign currency derivatives, any realized gain or loss is included in our non-GAAP financial measures.
- Amortization of convertible note discount. Our non-GAAP financial measures exclude the amortization of the imputed discount on our convertible notes. Under GAAP, certain convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion are required to be bifurcated into separate liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components in a manner that reflects the issuer's assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate. For GAAP purposes, we are required to recognize imputed interest expense on the difference between our assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate and the coupon rate on our \$400.0 million of 1.50% convertible notes. This difference is excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that this expense is based upon subjective assumptions and does not reflect the cash cost of our convertible debt.

Consolidated Supplemental Info Non-GAAP Measures

- •Losses and expenses on early retirements or modifications of debt. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures losses on early retirements of debt attributable to refinancing or repaying our debt, and expenses incurred to modify debt terms, because we believe they are not reflective of our ongoing operations.
- •Acquisition expenses, net. In connection with acquisition activity (including with respect to acquisitions that are not consummated), we incur expenses, including legal, accounting, and other professional fees, integration costs, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration obligations, and other costs. Integration costs may consist of information technology expenses as systems are integrated across the combined entity, consulting expenses, marketing expenses, and professional fees, as well as non-cash charges to write-off or impair the value of redundant assets. We exclude these expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are unpredictable, can vary based on the size and complexity of each transaction, and are unrelated to our continuing operations or to the continuing operations of the acquired businesses.
- •Restructuring expenses. We exclude restructuring expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures, which include employee termination costs, facility exit costs, certain professional fees, asset impairment charges, and other costs directly associated with resource realignments incurred in reaction to changing strategies or business conditions. All of these costs can vary significantly in amount and frequency based on the nature of the actions as well as the changing needs of our business and we believe that excluding them provides easier comparability of pre- and post-restructuring operating results.
- Separation expenses. On December 4, 2019, we announced our intention to separate into two independent publicly traded companies: one which will consist of our Customer Engagement Solutions business, and one which will consist of our Cyber Intelligence Solutions business. We are incurring significant expenses to prepare for this separation, including third-party advisory, accounting, legal, consulting, and other similar services related to the separation as well as costs associated with the operational separation of the two businesses, including those related to human resources, brand management, real estate, and information technology to the extent not capitalized. Separation expenses also include incremental cash income taxes related to the reorganization of legal entities and operations in order to effect the separation. These costs are incremental to our normal operating expenses and are being incurred solely as a result of the separation transaction. Accordingly, we are excluding these separation expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures in order to evaluate our performance on a comparable basis.
- •Impairment charges and other adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures asset impairment charges (other than those associated with restructuring or acquisition activity), rent expense for redundant facilities, gains or losses on sales of property, gains or losses on settlements of certain legal matters, and certain professional fees unrelated to our ongoing operations, including \$7.8 million of fees and expenses related to a shareholder proxy contest that was settled during three months ended July 31, 2019, all of which are unusual in nature and can vary significantly in amount and frequency.

•Non-GAAP income tax adjustments. We exclude our GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes from our non-GAAP measures of net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., and instead include a non-GAAP provision for income taxes, determined by applying a non-GAAP effective income tax rate to our income before provision for income taxes, as adjusted for the non-GAAP items described above. The non-GAAP effective income tax rate is generally based upon the income taxes we expect to pay in the reporting year. Our GAAP effective income tax rate can vary significantly from year to year as a result of tax law changes, settlements with tax authorities, changes in the geographic mix of earnings including acquisition activity, changes in the projected realizability of deferred tax assets, and other unusual or period-specific events, all of which can vary in size and frequency. We believe that our non-GAAP effective income tax rate removes much of this variability and facilitates meaningful comparisons of operating results across periods. Our non-GAAP effective income tax rates for the year ended January 31, 2020 is 8%, and was 11% for the year ended January 31, 2019. We evaluate our non-GAAP effective income tax rate on an ongoing basis and it can change from time to time. Our non-GAAP income tax rate can differ materially from our GAAP effective income tax rate.

Consolidated Supplemental Info About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Customer Engagement Cloud, Recurring and Nonrecurring Revenue Metrics

Recurring revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, is the portion of our revenue that we believe is likely to be renewed in the future, and primarily consists of initial and renewal post contract support and cloud revenue.

- ·Cloud revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, primarily consists of SaaS and optional managed services.
- •SaaS revenue includes bundled SaaS, software with standard managed services and unbundled SaaS that we account for as term licenses where managed services are purchased separately.
- •Optional Managed Services is recurring services that are intended to improve our customers operations and reduce expenses.

Nonrecurring revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, primarily consists of our perpetual licenses, consulting, implementation and installation services, and training. We believe that recurring revenue, nonrecurring revenue, and cloud revenue provide investors with useful insight into the nature and sustainability of our revenue streams. The recurrence of these revenue streams in future periods depends on a number of factors including contractual periods and customers' renewal decisions. Please see "Revenue adjustments" above for an explanation for why we present these revenue numbers on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis.

New SaaS Annual Contract Value (ACV) includes the annualized contract value of all new SaaS contracts received within the period; in cases where SaaS is offered through usage-based contracts, we include the guarterly values of usage contracts.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure defined as net income (loss) before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation expense, amortization expense, revenue adjustments, restructuring expenses, acquisition expenses, and other expenses excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures as described above. We believe that adjusted EBITDA is also commonly used by investors to evaluate operating performance between companies because it helps reduce variability caused by differences in capital structures, income taxes, stock-based compensation accounting policies, and depreciation and amortization policies. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by credit rating agencies, lenders, and other parties to evaluate our creditworthiness.

Net Debt

Net Debt is a non-GAAP measure defined as the sum of long-term and short-term debt on our consolidated balance sheet, excluding unamortized discounts and issuance costs, less the sum of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, restricted cash equivalents, restricted bank time deposits, and restricted investments (including long-term portions), and short-term investments. We use this non-GAAP financial measure to help evaluate our capital structure, financial leverage, and our ability to reduce debt and to fund investing and financing activities, and believe that it provides useful information to investors.

Supplemental Information About Constant Currency

Because we operate on a global basis and transact business in many currencies, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our consolidated U.S. dollar operating results. To facilitate the assessment of our performance excluding the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we calculate our GAAP and non-GAAP revenue, cost of revenue, and operating expenses on both an as-reported basis and a constant currency basis, allowing for comparison of results between periods as if foreign currency exchange rates had remained constant. We perform our constant currency calculations by translating current-period foreign currency results into U.S. dollars using prior-period average foreign currency exchange rates or hedge rates, as applicable, rather than current period exchange rates. We believe that constant currency measures, which exclude the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, facilitate the assessment of underlying business trends.

Unless otherwise indicated, our financial outlook for revenue, operating margin, and diluted earnings per share, which is provided on a non-GAAP basis, reflects foreign currency exchange rates approximately consistent with rates in effect when the outlook is provided.

We also incur foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the revaluation and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. We periodically report our historical non-GAAP diluted net income per share both inclusive and exclusive of these net foreign exchange gains or losses. Our financial outlook for diluted earnings per share includes net foreign exchange gains or losses incurred to date, if any, but does not include potential future gains or losses.

CES Summary Metrics

		4/20	/2018	7/24	Three Mon /2018		1/2018	4124	1/2019		Ended /2019	4/2	0/2019	719	Three Mon		31/2019	419	1/2020		Ended /2020
		4/30		7/31		10/3		1/3		1/31		4/3		115		10/-		173		1/31	
(\$ in million		GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric	GAAP	Non-GAAP/ Operating Metric
	Software	\$152.2	\$154.9	\$167.6	\$169.8	\$161.4	\$165.4	\$180.5	\$186.8	\$661.8	\$676.8	\$171.0	\$179.8	\$177.3	\$184.3	\$185.1	\$191.3	\$180.8	\$185.5	\$714.3	\$740.9
93	Perpetual	\$44.4	\$44.4	\$49.9	\$49.9	\$44.5	\$44.5	\$57.4	\$57.4	\$196.1	\$196.1	\$47.6	\$47.6	\$48.0	\$48.0	\$43.7	\$43.7	\$40.5	\$40.5	\$179.9	\$179.9
Ĭ	Cloud	\$32.8	\$35.3	\$36.6	\$38.7	\$37.6	\$41.6	\$43.6	\$49.8	\$150.7	\$165.4	\$47.1	\$55.7	\$47.8	\$54.7	\$61.4	\$67.6	\$59.5	\$64.1	\$215.8	\$242.2
ĕ	Support	\$75.0	\$75.2	\$81.1	\$81.2	\$79.3	\$79.3	\$79.5	\$79.6	\$315.0	\$315.3	\$76.3	\$76.5	\$81.5	\$81.6	\$79.9	\$80.0	\$80.8	\$80.9	\$318.6	\$318.9
e e	Professional Services	\$34.3	\$34.3	\$33.2 \$200.8	\$33.2	\$36.1 \$197.5	\$36.1	\$31.0	\$31.0	\$134.5	\$134.5	\$36.1	\$36.1	\$34.1	\$34.1 \$218.4	\$32.8	\$32.8	\$29.2	\$29.2 \$214.8	\$132.3	\$132.3
ever	Total Revenue	\$186.5	\$189.2	\$200.8	\$203.0	\$197.5	\$201.5	\$211.5	\$217.8	\$796.3	\$811.3	\$207.1	\$215.9	\$211.4	\$218.4	\$217.9	\$224.2	\$210.1	\$214.8	\$846.5	\$873.2
∞	Reported Revenue Growth	9.7%	8.3%	11.5%	10.6%	8.7%	9.2%	1.5%	2.6%	7.6%	7.5%	11.1%	14.1%	5.3%	7.6%	10.4%	11.3%	-0.7%	-1.4%	6.3%	7.6%
	Constant Currency Revenue Growth	7.7%	5.9%	11.1%	10.1%	9.6%	10.0%	2.7%	3.6%	7.6%	7.4%	13.2%	15.8%	6.6%	8.9%	11.4%	12.2%	-0.7%	-1.3%	7.4%	8.7%
Recurring Revenue Mix	% of Revenue that is Software Revenue	81.6%	81.9%	83.5%	83.6%	81.7%	82.1%	85.3%	85.8%	83.1%	83.4%	82.6%	83.3%	83.9%	84.4%	84.9%	85.4%	86.1%	86.4%	84.4%	84.9%
Recu Rev	% of Software Revenue that is Recurring Revenue	70.8%	71.3%	70.2%	70.6%	72.4%	73.1%	68.2%	69.3%	70.4%	71.0%	72.2%	73.5%	72.9%	74.0%	76.4%	77.1%	77.6%	78.2%	74.8%	75.7%
	New SaaS ACV		\$5.9		\$4.7		\$6.8		\$11.7		\$29.069		\$8.2		\$10.1		\$15.6		\$15.8		\$49.7
တ္က တ	New SaaS ACV Growth YoY		7-1-		****		75.0		*****		57.6%		37.6%		115.2%		131.0%		35.4%		71.0%
Bookings Metrics	Non-sud-7167 Grown 757										07.070		07.070		7.70.270		707.070		00.770		71.070
% №	New Perpetual License Equivalent Bookings		\$57.2		\$59.3		\$58.6		\$81.7		\$256.8		\$65.4		\$64.0		\$69.9		\$76.4		\$275.6
	Year-over-Year Growth												14.3%		7.9%		19.1%		-6.5%		7.3%
	Cloud Revenue	\$32.8	\$35.3	\$36.6	\$38.7	\$37.6	\$41.6	\$43.6	\$49.8	\$150.7	\$165.4	\$47.1	\$55.7	\$47.8	\$54.7	\$61.4	\$67.6	\$59.5	\$64.1	\$215.8	\$242.2
=	SaaS Bundled Revenue	\$20.3	\$21.4	\$21.2	\$21.9	\$19.8	\$22.6	\$23.4	\$28.5	\$84.7	\$94.4	\$27.2	\$34.4	\$27.2	\$33.6	\$30.1	\$35.8	\$31.4	\$35.6	\$115.9	\$139.4
Det	SaaS Unbundled Revenue	\$3.8	\$4.8	\$5.5	\$6.2	\$7.7	\$8.4	\$7.9	\$8.4	\$24.9	\$27.7	\$6.3	\$7.1	\$6.4	\$6.5	\$17.1	\$17.1	\$13.6	\$13.6	\$43.4	\$44.3
필	Optional Managed Services Revenue	\$8.7	\$9.1	\$9.9	\$10.6	\$10.1	\$10.6	\$12.3	\$12.9	\$41.1	\$43.3	\$13.6	\$14.2	\$14.2	\$14.6	\$14.2	\$14.7	\$14.5	\$14.9	\$56.5	\$58.4
8										00.40/	00.50/	40.00/	57.00/	00.00/	44.007	00.40/	00.40/	00.50/	00.00/	40.00/	40.40/
	Cloud Revenue Growth YoY SaaS Revenue Growth YoY									23.4% 36.3%	22.5% 37.3%	43.6% 39.0%	57.9% 58.5%	30.6% 25.8%	41.3% 42.7%	63.4% 71.7%	62.4% 70.7%	36.5% 43.7%	28.8% 33.5%	43.2% 45.3%	46.4%
	SaaS Revenue Growth 101	<u> </u>	1		1					30.3%	37.3%	39.0%	56.5%	23.0%	42.170	11.170	70.7%	43.1%	33.5%	45.3%	50.5%
	Estimated Fully Allocated Research and Development, net	\$28.7	\$27.7	\$29.0	\$27.0	\$29.8	\$27.8	\$29.2	\$27.3	\$116.6	\$109.7	\$32.2	\$30.1	\$33.0	\$30.6	\$31.5	\$29.3	\$30.4	\$27.0	\$127.1	\$116.9
ing se		15.4%					13.8%														
Operating Expense Metrics	% of Revenue Estimated Fully Allocated Selling, General and Administrative	\$71.2	14.6% \$59.7	14.4% \$68.9	13.3% \$60.1	15.1% \$66.5	\$57.6	13.8% \$75.1	12.6% \$63.2	14.6% \$281.0	13.5% \$240.1	15.5% \$80.1	13.9% \$67.5	15.6% \$84.4	14.0% \$69.0	14.4% \$77.8	13.1% \$65.6	14.5% \$79.2	12.6% \$61.3	15.0% \$321.6	13.4% \$263.4
o X ≥	% of Revenue	38.2%	31.5%	34.3%	29.6%	33.7%	28.6%	35.5%	29.0%	35.3%	29.6%	38.7%	31.2%	39.9%	31.6%	35.7%	29.3%	37.7%	28.5%	38.0%	30.2%
_	% Of Revenue	30.276	31.5%	34.370	29.070	33.1 /0	20.076	30.070	29.070	33.376	29.070	30.776	31.2/0	39.970	31.0%	33.1 /0	29.370	31.170	20.376	30.076	30.276
	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit	\$118.7	\$126.6	\$131.4	\$139.7	\$129.3	\$139.0	\$141.7	\$154.5	\$521.1	\$559.8	\$132.2	\$147.8	\$135.0	\$149.5	\$143.4	\$157.1	\$135.9	\$148.5	\$546.5	\$602.8
>	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin %	63.7%	66.9%	65.4%	68.8%	65.5%	69.0%	67.0%	70.9%	65.4%	69.0%	63.8%	68.4%	63.8%	68.4%	65.8%	70.1%	64.7%	69.2%	64.6%	69.0%
ofitability Metrics	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Income	\$11.3	\$39.3	\$26.2	\$52.6	\$25.6	\$53.6	\$29.3	\$64.0	\$93.1	\$209.9	\$12.4	\$50.2	\$10.0	\$49.8	\$26.5	\$62.2	\$18.2	\$60.2	\$67.0	\$222.5
itat	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Margin %	6.0%	20.8%	13.1%	25.9%	13.0%	26.6%	13.8%	29.3%	11.7%	25.9%	6.0%	23.3%	4.7%	22.8%	12.1%	27.8%	8.6%	28.0%	7.9%	25.5%
o do N	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA	0.070	\$44.7	10.170	\$57.4	13.070	\$58.3	10.070	\$68.7	11.170	\$229.3	0.070	\$55.3	7.770	\$54.9	12.170	\$67.9	5.070	\$66.0	7.570	\$244.2
	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA Margin	—	23.6%		28.3%		28.9%		31.5%		28.3%		25.6%		25.2%		30.3%		30.7%	-	28.0%
	Laumateu i uny Amocateu Aujuateu Ebirba Marylli	<u> </u>	23.070		20.370		20.970		31.070		20.370		20.070		20.2/0		30.370		30.770		20.070

CES Revenue Metrics

		Three Mor	nths Ended		Y	rear Ended		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018 (2)	7/31/2018 (2)	10/31/2018 (2)	1/31/2019		1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
Software (includes cloud and support) - GAAP	\$ 152.2		\$ 161.4 \$			661.8	\$ 171.0 \$		185.1 \$	180.8	
Perpetual revenue - GAAP	44.4	49.9	44.5	57.4	-	196.1	47.6	48.0	43.7	40.5	179.9
Cloud revenue - GAAP	32.8		37.6	43.6		150.7	47.1	47.8	61.4	59.5	215.8
Support revenue - GAAP	75.0		79.3	79.5		315.0	76.3	81.5	79.9	80.8	318.6
Professional services revenue - GAAP	34.3	33.2	36.1	31.0		134.5	36.1	34.1	32.8	29.2	132.3
Total revenue - GAAP	\$ 186.5	\$ 200.8	\$ 197.5 \$	\$ 211.5	\$	796.3	\$ 207.1 \$	211.4 \$	217.9 \$	210.1	\$ 846.5
% of Revenue from Software (includes cloud and support)	81.6%	83.5%	81.7%	85.3%		83.1%	82.6%	83.9%	84.9%	86.1%	84.4%
% of Revenue from Software (includes cloud and support) that is Recurring	70.8%	70.2%	72.4%	68.2%		70.4%	72.2%	72.9%	76.4%	77.6%	74.8%
Estimated software (includes cloud and support) revenue adjustments	2.7	2.2	4.0	6.3		15.0	8.8	7.0	6.2	4.7	26.7
Estimated perpetual revenue adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated cloud revenue adjustments	2.5	2.1	4.0	6.2		14.7	8.6	6.9	6.1	4.6	26.3
Estimated support revenue adjustments	0.2	0.1	-	0.1		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
Estimated services revenue adjustments	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total estimated revenue adjustments	2.7	2.2	4.0	6.3		15.0	8.8	7.0	6.2	4.7	26.7
Software (includes cloud and support) revenue - non-GAAP	\$ 154.9	\$ 169.8	\$ 165.4 \$	\$ 186.8	\$	676.8	\$ 179.8 \$	184.3 \$	191.3 \$	185.5	\$ 740.9
Perpetual revenue - non-GAAP	44.4	49.9	44.5	57.4	-	196.1	47.6	48.0	43.7	40.5	179.9
Cloud revenue - non-GAAP	35.3	38.7	41.6	49.8		165.4	55.7	54.7	67.6	64.1	242.2
Support revenue - non-GAAP	75.2		79.3	79.6		315.3	76.5	81.6	80.0	80.9	318.9
Professional services revenue - non-GAAP	34.3		36.1	31.0		134.5	36.1	34.1	32.8	29.2	132.3
Total revenue - non-GAAP	\$ 189.2	\$ 203.0	\$ 201.5 \$	\$ 217.8	\$	811.3	\$ 215.9 \$	218.4 \$	224.2 \$	214.8	\$ 873.2
% of Revenue from Software (includes cloud and support)	81.9%	83.6%	82.1%	85.8%		83.4%	83.3%	84.4%	85.4%	86.4%	84.9%
% of Revenue from Software (includes cloud and support) that is Recurring	71.3%	70.6%	73.1%	69.3%		71.0%	73.5%	74.0%	77.1%	78.2%	75.7%

CES Constant Currency

		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
GAAP										
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 170.0 \$	180.1 \$	181.6 \$	208.4	\$ 740.1	\$ 186.5 \$	200.8 \$	197.5 \$	211.5	\$ 796.3
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 186.5 \$	200.8 \$	197.5 \$	211.5	\$ 796.3	\$ 207.1 \$	211.4 \$	217.9 \$	210.1	\$ 846.5
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (10)	\$ 183.0 \$	200.0 \$	199.0 \$	214.0	\$ 796.0	\$ 211.0 \$	214.0 \$	220.0 \$	210.0	\$ 855.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	9.7%	11.5%	8.7%	1.5%	7.6%	11.1%	5.3%	10.4%	-0.7%	6.3%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	-2.0%	-0.4%	0.9%	1.2%	0.0%	2.1%	1.3%	1.0%	0.0%	1.1%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	7.7%	11.1%	9.6%	2.7%	7.6%	 13.2%	6.6%	11.4%	-0.7%	7.4%
Non-GAAP										
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 174.7 \$	183.5 \$	184.5 \$	212.3	\$ 755.0	\$ 189.2 \$	203.0 \$	201.5 \$	217.8	\$ 811.3
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 189.2 \$	203.0 \$	201.5 \$	217.8	\$ 811.3	\$ 215.9 \$	218.4 \$	224.2 \$	214.8	\$ 873.2
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (10)	\$ 185.0 \$	202.0 \$	203.0 \$	220.0	\$ 811.0	\$ 219.0 \$	221.0 \$	226.0 \$	215.0	\$ 882.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	8.3%	10.6%	9.2%	2.6%	7.5%	14.1%	7.6%	11.3%	-1.4%	7.6%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	-2.4%	-0.5%	0.8%	1.0%	-0.1%	1.7%	1.3%	0.9%	0.1%	1.1%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	 5.9%	10.1%	10.0%	3.6%	7.4%	15.8%	8.9%	12.2%	-1.3%	8.7%

CES Cloud Metrics

		Three Mont	nths End	ded		Year Ended		Three Mon	nths E	nded		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018 (1)	7/31/2018 (1))/31/2018 (1)	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019		10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
SaaS revenue - GAAP	\$ 24.1 \$	26.7	\$	27.5 \$	31.3	\$ 109.6	\$ 33.5 \$	33.6	\$	47.2 \$	45.0	\$ 159.3
Bundled SaaS revenue - GAAP	20.3	21.2		19.8	23.4	84.7	27.2	27.2		30.1	31.4	115.9
Unbundled SaaS revenue - GAAP	3.8	5.5		7.7	7.9	24.9	6.3	6.4		17.1	13.6	43.4
Optional managed services revenue - GAAP	8.7	9.9		10.1	12.3	41.1	13.6	14.2		14.2	14.5	56.5
Cloud revenue - GAAP	\$ 32.8 \$	36.6	\$	37.6 \$	43.6	\$ 150.7	\$ 47.1 \$	47.8	\$	61.4 \$	59.5	\$ 215.8
Estimated SaaS revenue adjustments	2.1	1.4		3.5	5.6	12.5	8.0	6.4		5.7	4.3	24.5
Estimated bundled SaaS revenue adjustments	1.1	0.7		2.8	5.1	9.7	7.2	6.4		5.7	4.2	23.5
Estimated unbundled SaaS revenue adjustments	1.0	0.7		0.7	0.5	2.8	0.8	0.1		0.0	0.0	1.0
Estimated optional managed services revenue adjustments	0.4	0.7		0.5	0.6	2.2	0.6	0.5		0.4	0.4	1.9
Estimated cloud revenue adjustments	 2.5	2.1		4.0	6.2	14.7	8.6	6.9		6.1	4.6	26.3
SaaS revenue - non-GAAP	26.2	28.1		31.0	36.9	122.1	41.5	40.1		52.9	49.2	183.8
Bundled SaaS revenue - non-GAAP	21.4	21.9		22.6	28.5	94.4	34.4	33.6		35.8	35.6	139.4
Unbundled SaaS revenue - non-GAAP	4.8	6.2		8.4	8.4	27.7	7.1	6.5		17.1	13.6	44.3
Optional managed services revenue - non-GAAP	9.1	10.6		10.6	12.9	43.3	14.2	14.6		14.7	14.9	58.4
Cloud revenue - non-GAAP	\$ 35.3 \$	38.7	\$	41.6 \$	49.8	\$ 165.4	\$ 55.7 \$	54.7	\$	67.6 \$	64.1	\$ 242.2

CES Operating Expenses

			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended			Three Months	Ended			Year Ended
(\$ in millions)		4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Research and Development, net														•
Segment expenses	\$	23.4 \$	23.3 \$	24.2 \$	24.0	\$	94.9	\$	26.5 \$	26.9 \$	25.1 \$	22.5	\$	101.0
Stock-based compensation expenses (6)	•	1.0	2.0	1.8	1.7		6.5		1.7	2.2	1.9	2.9		8.8
Shared support service allocation (7)		4.3	3.7	3.8	3.5		15.2		4.0	3.9	4.4	4.9		17.3
GAAP research and development, net	\$	28.7 \$	29.0 \$		29.2	\$	116.6	\$	32.2 \$	33.0 \$	31.5 \$		\$	127.1
as a % of GAAP revenue	*	15.4%	14.4%	15.1%	13.8%	•	14.6%	•	15.5%	15.6%	14.4%	14.5%	•	15.0%
Stock-based compensation expenses (6)		(1.0)	(2.0)	(1.8)	(1.7)		(6.5)		(1.7)	(2.2)	(1.9)	(2.9)		(8.8)
Acquisition expenses, net (8)		` - '	-	`-	(0.1)		(0.1)		(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)		(0.5)
Restructuring expenses (8)		-	-	(0.2)	(0.1)		(0.3)		(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)		(0.9)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP research and	\$	27.7 \$	27.0 \$		27.3		109.7	\$	30.1 \$	30.6 \$	29.3 \$	27.0	\$	116.9
development, net	•	•				•		•					•	· •
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		14.6%	13.3%	13.8%	12.6%		13.5%		13.9%	14.0%	13.1%	12.6%		13.4%
Selling, General and Administrative expenses														
Segment expenses	\$	39.2 \$	39.7 \$	38.3 \$	41.9	\$	159.2	\$	46.2 \$	48.1 \$	44.2 \$	41.0	\$	179.4
Stock-based compensation expenses (6)	Ψ	9.3	8.2	8.2	7.8	Ψ	33.3	Ψ	8.5	9.9	9.0	12.4	Ψ	39.8
Shared support service allocation (7)		22.7	20.9	19.9	25.4		88.6		25.3	26.5	24.7	25.8		102.3
Shared support service allocation (1)	\$	71.2 \$	68.9 \$		75.1	\$	281.0	•	80.1 \$	84.4 \$	77.8 \$	79.2	•	321.6
GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	Ŧ	/ Ι.Ζ φ	00.σ φ	00.υ φ	73.1	Þ	201.0	Þ	Ου.ι φ	04.4 φ	11.0 φ	13.4	Þ	321.0
as a % of GAAP revenue		38.2%	34.3%	33.7%	35.5%		35.3%		38.7%	39.9%	35.7%	37.7%		38.0%
Stock-based compensation expenses (6)		(9.3)	(8.2)	(8.2)	(7.8)		(33.3)		(8.5)	(9.9)	(9.0)	(12.4)		(39.8)
							, ,							
Acquisition expenses, net (8)		(1.5)	(0.1)	(1.2)	(3.3)		(6.1)		(2.4)	(1.5)	(1.3)	(1.3)		(6.5)
Restructuring expenses (8)		(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.9)		(1.9)		(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.7)	(0.4)		(1.8)
Separation expenses (8)		(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)		(0.2)		(0.0)	(0.1)	(1.0)	(2.3)		(3.4)
Impairment charges (8)		(0.0)	(0.0)	-	-		-		- (4.0)	- (0.0)	(0.0)	- (4.4)		(0.0)
Other adjustments (8)		(0.3)	(0.3)	1.0	0.2		0.6	_	(1.3)	(3.6)	(0.2)	(1.4)	_	(6.6)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP selling,	\$	59.7 \$	60.1 \$	57.6 \$	63.2	\$	240.1	\$	67.5 \$	69.0 \$	65.6 \$	61.3	\$	263.4
general and administrative expenses		A = 0/							24.20/	.				22.22/
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		31.5%	29.6%	28.6%	29.0%		29.6%		31.2%	31.6%	29.3%	28.5%		30.2%

CES Gross Profit

		Three Months	Ended			Year Ended			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Total GAAP revenue	\$ 186.5 \$	200.8 \$	197.5 \$	211.5	\$	796.3	\$	207.1 \$	211.4 \$	217.9 \$	210.1	\$	846.5
Segment product costs	8.8	8.5	9.1	8.6		35.0		8.5	8.9	8.4	9.7		35.5
Segment service expenses	51.8	53.4	51.0	53.1		209.3		57.8	57.8	56.5	54.4		226.6
Amortization of acquired technology	4.3	4.1	4.6	5.0		18.0		5.4	5.2	5.6	5.4		21.6
Stock-based compensation expenses (3)	0.7	1.6	1.1	1.1		4.4		1.1	1.6	1.4	2.3		6.3
Shared support expenses allocation (4)	2.2	1.8	2.4	2.1		8.5		2.1	3.0	2.6	2.4		10.1
Total GAAP cost of revenue	\$ 67.8 \$	69.4 \$	68.2 \$		\$	275.2	\$	74.9 \$	76.5 \$		74.2	\$	300.0
GAAP gross profit	\$ 118.7 \$	131.4 \$	129.3 \$	5 141.7	\$	521.1	\$	132.2 \$	135.0 \$	143.4 \$	135.9	\$	546.5
GAAP gross margin	63.7%	65.4%	65.5%	67.0%	,	65.4%		63.8%	63.8%	65.8%	64.7%		64.6%
Revenue adjustments	2.7	2.2	4.0	6.3		15.0		8.8	7.0	6.2	4.7		26.7
Amortization of acquired technology	4.3	4.1	4.5	5.0		18.0		5.4	5.2	5.6	5.4		21.6
Stock-based compensation expenses (3)	0.6	1.6	1.1	1.1		4.4		1.1	1.6	1.4	2.3		6.3
Acquisition expenses, net (5)	-	-	-	0.2		0.3		-	-	0.0	0.0		0.1
Restructuring expenses (5)	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2		1.0		0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2		1.6
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 126.6 \$	139.7 \$	139.0 \$	154.5	\$	559.8	\$	147.8 \$	149.5 \$		148.5	\$	602.8
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross margin	66.9%	68.8%	69.0%	70.9%		69.0%	·	68.4%	68.4%	70.1%	69.2%	·	69.0%

CES Operating and EBITDA Margins

		Three Mor	nths	Ended			Year Ended		Three Mo	nths	s Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018		10/31/2018		1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019		10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
GAAP operating income	\$ <u>.</u>						 	\$ ·=·· +	10.0				 67.0
GAAP operating margin	6.0%	13.1%	,	13.0%		13.8%	11.7%	6.0%	4.7%)	12.1%	8.6%	7.9%
Revenue adjustments	2.7	2.2		4.0		6.3	15.0	8.8	7.0		6.2	4.7	26.7
Amortization of acquired technology	4.3	4.1		4.6		5.0	18.0	5.4	5.2		5.6	5.4	21.6
Amortization of other acquired intangible assets	7.5	7.3	,	7.4		8.1	30.3	7.6	7.5		7.7	8.1	30.9
Stock-based compensation expenses	11.0	11.8	,	11.1		10.6	44.2	11.3	13.7		12.3	17.6	54.9
Acquisitions expenses, net	1.5	0.1		1.2		3.6	6.5	2.5	1.6		1.4	1.5	7.1
Restructuring expenses	0.7	0.5	,	0.7		1.2	3.2	0.9	1.0		1.4	0.9	4.3
Separation expenses	0.1	0.1		0.0		0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1		1.0	2.3	3.4
Impairment charges	-	-		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	- '
Other adjustments	0.3	0.3	,	(1.0)	/	(0.2)	(0.6)	1.3	3.6		0.2	1.4	6.6
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP operating													
income	\$ 39.3 \$	52.6	, \$	53.6	\$	64.0	\$ 209.9	\$ 50.2 \$	49.8	\$	62.2 \$	60.2	\$ 222.5
Depreciation and amortization (9)	5.4	4.8	,	4.7		4.7	19.4	5.1	5.1		5.7	5.8	21.7
Estimated adjusted EBITDA Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP	\$ 44.7 \$	57.4	\$	58.3	\$	68.7	\$ 229.3	\$ 55.3 \$	54.9	\$	67.9 \$	66.0	\$ 244.2
operating margin	20.8%	25.9%	0	26.6%		29.3%	25.9%	23.3%	22.8%)	27.8%	28.0%	25.5%
Estimated fully allocated adjusted EBITDA	23.6%	28.3%	0	28.9%		31.5%	28.3%	25.6%	25.2%	,	30.3%	30.7%	28.0%

CES Footnotes

Note: Amounts may not foot throughout the workbook due to rounding.

- To conform with the presentation described in footnote 2 of our April 30, 2019 and July 31, 2019 Form 10-Q, the classification of Customer Engagement unbundled SaaS revenue for the three months ended April 30, 2018, July 31, 2018, October 31, 2018 and January 31, 2019 and the year ended January 31, 2018 has been updated to reflect unbundled SaaS revenue which had previously been presented within perpetual and professional services revenue.
- To conform with the presentation described in footnote 2 of our April 30, 2019 and July 31, 2019 Form 10-Q, the classification of Customer Engagement unbundled SaaS revenue for the three months ended April 30, 2018, July 31, 2018, October 31, 2018 and January 31, 2019 and the year ended January 31, 2018 has been updated to reflect cloud revenue which had previously been presented within perpetual and professional services revenue.
- Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual segment operations and service expense wages, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks) applicable to cost of (4) revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net and restructuring expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to research and development, net and selling, general and administrative,
 (6) allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- Represents our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks), allocated proportionally based

 7) upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net, restructuring expenses, separation expenses, impairment charges and other

 (8) adjustments, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents certain depreciation and amortization expenses, which are otherwise included in our non-GAAP operating income, allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative adjusted EBITDA of our two businesses.
- Revenue for the current period at constant currency is calculated by translating current-period GAAP or non-GAAP foreign currency (10) revenue (as applicable) into U.S. dollars using average foreign currency exchange rates for the same prior period rather than actual current-period foreign currency exchange rates.

CES Supplemental Info About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following tables include reconciliations of certain financial measures not prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), consisting of non-GAAP revenue, non-GAAP software (includes cloud and support), non-GAAP professional services, non-GAAP recurring revenue, non-GAAP nonrecurring revenue, non-GAAP cloud revenue, non-GAAP saaS revenue, non-GAAP optional managed services revenue, estimated fully allocated cost of revenue, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated gross profit and gross margins, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated research and development, net, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated selling, general and administrative expenses, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated operating income and operating margins, non-GAAP other income (expense), net, non-GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes and non-GAAP effective income tax rate, non-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., non-GAAP net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc., estimated fully allocated adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margins, net debt, non-GAAP segment expenses, non-GAAP shared support expenses and constant currency measures. The tables above include a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure for completed periods presented in this press release to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

We believe these non-GAAP financial measures, used in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures, provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business by:

- •facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends between periods, by excluding certain items that either can vary significantly in amount and frequency, are based upon subjective assumptions, or in certain cases are unplanned for or difficult to forecast,
- •facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends with other technology companies who publish similar non-GAAP measures, and
- *allowing investors to see and understand key supplementary metrics used by our management to run our business, including for budgeting and forecasting, resource allocation, and compensation matters.

We also make these non-GAAP financial measures available because a number of our investors have informed us that they find this supplemental information useful.

Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation as substitutes for, or superior to, comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures we present have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP, and these non-GAAP financial measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures do not represent discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business, and we may in the future incur expenses similar to or in addition to the adjustments made in these non-GAAP financial measures. Other companies may calculate similar non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Our non-GAAP financial measures are calculated by making the following adjustments to our GAAP financial measures:

*Revenue adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP revenue the impact of fair value adjustments required under GAAP relating to cloud services and customer support contracts acquired in a business acquisition, which would have otherwise been recognized on a stand-alone basis. We believe that it is useful for investors to understand the total amount of revenue that we and the acquired company would have recognized on a stand-alone basis under GAAP, absent the accounting adjustment associated with the business acquisition. Our non-GAAP revenue also reflects certain adjustments from aligning an acquired company's revenue recognition policies to our policies. We believe that our non-GAAP revenue measure helps management and investors understand our revenue trends and serves as a useful measure of ongoing business performance.

• Amortization of acquired technology and other acquired intangible assets. When we acquire an entity, we are required under GAAP to record the fair values of the intangible assets of the acquired entity and amortize those assets over their useful lives. We exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets, including acquired technology, from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions. We also exclude these amounts to provide easier comparability of pre- and post-acquisition operating results.

*Stock-based compensation expenses. We exclude stock-based compensation expenses related to restricted stock awards, stock bonus programs, bonus share programs, and other stock-based awards from our non-GAAP financial measures. We evaluate our performance both with and without these measures because stock-based compensation is typically a non-cash expense and can vary significantly over time based on the timing, size and nature of awards granted, and is influenced in part by certain factors which are generally beyond our control, such as the volatility of the price of our common stock. In addition, measurement of stock-based compensation is subject to varying valuation methodologies and subjective assumptions, and therefore we believe that excluding stock-based compensation from our non-GAAP financial measures allows for meaningful comparisons of our current operating results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.

CES Supplemental Info About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

•Unrealized gains and losses on certain derivatives, net. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures unrealized gains and losses on certain foreign currency derivatives which are not designated as hedges under accounting guidance. We exclude unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivatives that serve as economic hedges against variability in the cash flows of recognized assets or liabilities, or of forecasted transactions. These contracts, if designated as hedges under accounting guidance, would be considered "cash flow" hedges. These unrealized gains and losses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are non-cash transactions which are highly variable from period to period. Upon settlement of these foreign currency derivatives, any realized gain or loss is included in our non-GAAP financial measures.

•Amortization of convertible note discount. Our non-GAAP financial measures exclude the amortization of the imputed discount on our convertible notes. Under GAAP, certain convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion are required to be bifurcated into separate liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components in a manner that reflects the issuer's assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate. For GAAP purposes, we are required to recognize imputed interest expense on the difference between our assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate and the coupon rate on our \$400.0 million of 1.50% convertible notes. This difference is excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that this expense is based upon subjective assumptions and does not reflect the cash cost of our convertible debt.

•Losses and expenses on early retirements or modifications of debt. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures losses on early retirements of debt attributable to refinancing or repaying our debt, and expenses incurred to modify debt terms, because we believe they are not reflective of our ongoing operations.

*Acquisition expenses, net. In connection with acquisition activity (including with respect to acquisitions that are not consummated), we incur expenses, including legal, accounting, and other professional fees, integration costs, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration obligations, and other costs. Integration costs may consist of information technology expenses as systems are integrated across the combined entity, consulting expenses, marketing expenses, and professional fees, as well as non-cash charges to write-off or impair the value of redundant assets. We exclude these expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are unpredictable, can vary based on the size and complexity of each transaction, and are unrelated to our continuing operations or to the continuing operations of the acquired businesses.

•Restructuring expenses. We exclude restructuring expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures, which include employee termination costs, facility exit costs, certain professional fees, asset impairment charges, and other costs directly associated with resource realignments incurred in reaction to changing strategies or business conditions. All of these costs can vary significantly in amount and frequency based on the nature of the actions as well as the changing needs of our business and we believe that excluding them provides easier comparability of pre- and post-restructuring operating results.

• Separation expenses. On December 4, 2019, we announced our intention to separate into two independent publicly traded companies: one which will consist of our Customer Engagement Solutions business, and one which will consist of our Cyber Intelligence Solutions business. We are incurring significant expenses to prepare for this separation, including third-party advisory, accounting, legal, consulting, and other similar services related to the separation as well as costs associated with the operational separation of the two businesses, including those related to human resources, brand management, real estate, and information technology to the extent not capitalized. Separation expenses also include incremental cash income taxes related to the reorganization of legal entities and operations in order to effect the separation. These costs are incremental to our normal operating expenses and are being incurred solely as a result of the separation transaction. Accordingly, we are excluding these separation expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures in order to evaluate our performance on a comparable basis.

•Impairment charges and other adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures asset impairment charges (other than those associated with restructuring or acquisition activity), rent expense for redundant facilities, gains or losses on sales of property, gains or losses on settlements of certain legal matters, and certain professional fees unrelated to our ongoing operations, including \$7.8 million of fees and expenses related to a shareholder proxy contest that was settled during three months ended July 31, 2019, all of which are unusual in nature and can vary significantly in amount and frequency.

•Non-GAAP income tax adjustments. We exclude our GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes from our non-GAAP measures of net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., and instead include a non-GAAP provision for income taxes, determined by applying a non-GAAP effective income tax rate to our income before provision for income taxes, as adjusted for the non-GAAP items described above. The non-GAAP effective income tax rate is generally based upon the income taxes we expect to pay in the reporting year. Our GAAP effective income tax rate can vary significantly from year to year as a result of tax law changes, settlements with tax authorities, changes in the geographic mix of earnings including acquisition activity, changes in the projected realizability of deferred tax assets, and other unusual or period-specific events, all of which can vary in size and frequency. We believe that our non-GAAP effective income tax rate removes much of this variability and facilitates meaningful comparisons of operating results across periods. Our non-GAAP effective income tax rates for the year ended January 31, 2020 is 8%, and was 11% for the year ended January 31, 2019. We evaluate our non-GAAP effective income tax rate on an ongoing basis and it can change from time to time. Our non-GAAP income tax rate can differ materially from our GAAP effective income tax rate.

CES Supplemental Info About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Customer Engagement Revenue Metrics

Software (includes cloud and support) includes software licenses, appliances, SaaS and optional managed services.

Cloud revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, primarily consists of SaaS and optional managed services.

SaaS revenue includes bundled SaaS, software with standard managed services and unbundled SaaS that we account for as term licenses where managed services are purchased separately.

Optional Managed Services is recurring services that are intended to improve our customers operations and reduce expenses.

New SaaS Annual Contract Value (ACV) includes the annualized contract value of all new SaaS contracts received within the period; in cases where SaaS is offered to partners through usage-based contracts, we include the incremental value of usage contracts over a rolling four quarters.

New Perpetual License Equivalent Bookings are used to normalize between perpetual and SaaS bookings and measure overall software growth. We calculate new perpetual license equivalent bookings by multiplying New SaaS ACV bookings (excluding bookings from maintenance conversions, except for the uplift) by a conversion factor of 2.0 and adding that amount to perpetual license bookings. The conversion factor of 2.0 is an estimate that is derived from an analysis of our historical bookings and may change over time. Management uses perpetual license equivalent bookings to understand our performance, including our software growth and SaaS/perpetual license mix. This metric should not be viewed in isolation from other operating metrics that we make available to investors. The New Perpetual License Equivalent Bookings calculation was adjusted in Q4 for the full year to exclude bookings from maintenance conversion, except for uplift.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure defined as net income (loss) before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation expense, amortization expense, revenue adjustments, restructuring expenses, acquisition expenses, and other expenses excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures as described above. We believe that adjusted EBITDA is also commonly used by investors to evaluate operating performance between companies because it helps reduce variability caused by differences in capital structures, income taxes, stock-based compensation accounting policies, and depreciation and amortization policies. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by credit rating agencies, lenders, and other parties to evaluate our creditworthiness.

Net Debt

Net Debt is a non-GAAP measure defined as the sum of long-term and short-term debt on our consolidated balance sheet, excluding unamortized discounts and issuance costs, less the sum of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, restricted cash equivalents, restricted bank time deposits, and restricted investments (including long-term portions), and short-term investments. We use this non-GAAP financial measure to help evaluate our capital structure, financial leverage, and our ability to reduce debt and to fund investing and financing activities, and believe that it provides useful information to investors.

Supplemental Information About Constant Currency

Because we operate on a global basis and transact business in many currencies, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our consolidated U.S. dollar operating results. To facilitate the assessment of our performance excluding the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we calculate our GAAP and non-GAAP revenue, cost of revenue, and operating expenses on both an as-reported basis and a constant currency basis, allowing for comparison of results between periods as if foreign currency exchange rates had remained constant. We perform our constant currency calculations by translating current-period foreign currency results into U.S. dollars using prior-period average foreign currency exchange rates or hedge rates, as applicable, rather than current period exchange rates. We believe that constant currency measures, which exclude the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, facilitate the assessment of underlying business trends.

Unless otherwise indicated, our financial outlook for revenue, operating margin, and diluted earnings per share, which is provided on a non-GAAP basis, reflects foreign currency exchange rates approximately consistent with rates in effect when the outlook is provided.

We also incur foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the revaluation and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. We periodically report our historical non-GAAP diluted net income per share both inclusive and exclusive of these net foreign exchange gains or losses. Our financial outlook for diluted earnings per share includes net foreign exchange gains or losses incurred to date, if any, but does not include potential future gains or losses.

CIS Summary Metrics

		Three Months Ended 4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 GAAP Non-GAAP GAAP Non-GAAP GAAP Nor							Year I	Ended				Three Mor	ths Ended				Year E	Ended	
		4/30	0/2018	7/31	/2018	10/3	1/2018	1/31	1/2019	1/31/	/2019	4/30	2019	7/31	/2019	10/31	1/2019	1/31	/2020	1/31/	2020
(\$ in million	s)	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP	GAAP	Non-GAAP
s se	Recurring Revenue	\$36.1	\$36.2	\$42.7	\$42.7	\$40.3	\$40.3	\$46.0	\$46.2	\$165.2	\$165.6	\$46.8	\$46.9	\$46.2	\$46.2	\$47.5	\$47.5	\$52.1	\$52.6	\$192.6	\$193.2
veni	Nonrecurring Revenue	\$66.6	\$66.6	\$62.8	\$62.8	\$66.2	\$66.2	\$72.7	\$72.7	\$268.2	\$268.2	\$61.4	\$61.4	\$66.7	\$66.7	\$59.4	\$59.4	\$77.1	\$82.1	\$264.5	\$269.6
Re	Total Revenue	\$102.7	\$102.8	\$105.5	\$105.5	\$106.5	\$106.5	\$118.7	\$118.9	\$433.4	\$433.8	\$108.2	\$108.3	\$112.9	\$112.9	\$106.9	\$106.9	\$129.1	\$134.7	\$457.1	\$462.8
r s	Reported Revenue Growth YoY	12.9%	12.9%	11.4%	11.4%	7.4%	7.3%	7.6%	7.7%	9.7%	9.7%	5.3%	5.3%	7.0%	7.0%	0.4%	0.4%	8.8%	13.3%	5.5%	6.7%
etri o	Constant Currency Revenue Growth YoY	11.0%	10.9%	10.9%	10.8%	8.9%	8.8%	9.7%	9.6%	9.8%	9.8%	7.1%	7.0%	8.0%	8.0%	1.4%	1.4%	9.5%	13.6%	6.4%	7.7%
ĎΣ	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit Growth YoY									18.5%	13.3%	22.2%	18.2%	18.3%	16.5%	7.5%	6.2%	7.0%	12.2%	13.1%	13.1%
							•	•						•	•		•				
e e	Estimated Fully Allocated Research and Development, net	\$23.4	\$22.9	\$23.2	\$22.2	\$21.8	\$20.8	\$23.9	\$22.9	\$92.5	\$88.8	\$25.0	\$23.9	\$25.7	\$24.4	\$26.2	\$25.0	\$27.7	\$25.9	\$104.6	\$99.2
atir	% of Revenue	22.8%	22.3%	22.0%	21.0%	20.5%	19.5%	20.1%	19.2%	21.3%	20.5%	23.1%	22.0%	22.8%	21.6%	24.5%	23.4%	21.5%	19.2%	22.9%	21.4%
xpe	Estimated Fully Allocated Selling, General and Administrative	\$36.3	\$30.2	\$35.2	\$30.6	\$33.4	\$28.8	\$39.6	\$33.3	\$145.1	\$123.3	\$41.6	\$34.9	\$41.8	\$33.6	\$38.5	\$31.9	\$45.4	\$35.8	\$167.3	\$136.3
O I	% of Revenue	35.3%	29.4%	33.4%	29.0%	31.4%	27.0%	33.4%	28.0%	33.5%	28.4%	38.5%	32.2%	37.1%	29.8%	36.0%	29.9%	35.1%	26.6%	36.6%	29.4%
																					ļ
	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Profit	\$56.4	\$59.9	\$61.6	\$63.6	\$63.4	\$65.1	\$78.0	\$80.4	\$259.4	\$269.1	\$68.9	\$70.8	\$72.9	\$74.1	\$68.2	\$69.2	\$83.5	\$90.2	\$293.4	\$304.3
s <u>i</u>	Estimated Fully Allocated Gross Margin %	54.9%	58.3%	58.4%	60.3%	59.6%	61.1%	65.7%	67.6%	59.9%	62.0%	63.7%	65.4%	64.6%	65.6%	63.7%	64.7%	64.6%	67.0%	64.2%	65.7%
abi	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Income	(\$3.5)	\$6.8	\$3.0	\$10.8	\$8.1	\$15.6	\$14.3	\$24.2	\$21.1	\$57.0	\$2.1	\$12.1	\$5.3	\$16.1	\$3.4	\$12.2	\$10.1	\$28.5	\$20.9	\$68.8
Mei	Estimated Fully Allocated Operating Margin %	-3.4%	6.6%	2.8%	10.3%	7.6%	14.6%	12.0%	20.4%	4.9%	13.1%	2.0%	11.1%	4.7%	14.3%	3.1%	11.4%	7.8%	21.1%	4.6%	14.9%
Ĕ.	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA		\$9.6		\$13.3		\$18.0		\$26.7		\$67.4		\$14.8		\$18.9		\$15.2		\$31.6		\$80.4
	Estimated Fully Allocated Adjusted EBITDA Margin	L	9.3%	l .	12.6%		16.9%		22.5%	L	15.5%		13.6%		16.7%		14.2%	l .	23.4%		17.4%

CIS Revenue Metrics

		Three Months E	Ended		Year Ended		Three Months	Ended		Y	Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Recurring revenue - GAAP	\$ 36.1 \$	42.7 \$	40.3 \$	46.0	\$ 165.2	\$ 46.8 \$	46.2 \$	47.5 \$	52.1	\$	192.6
Nonrecurring revenue - GAAP	66.6	62.8	66.2	72.7	268.2	61.4	66.7	59.4	77.1		264.5
Total revenue - GAAP	102.7	105.5	106.5	118.7	433.4	108.2	112.9	106.9	129.1		457.1
Estimated recurring revenue adjustments	0.1	-	-	0.2	0.4	0.1	-	-	0.5		0.6
Estimated nonrecurring revenue adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.1		5.1
Total estimated revenue adjustments	0.1	-	-	0.2	0.4	0.1	-	-	5.6		5.7
Recurring revenue - non-GAAP	36.2	42.7	40.3	46.2	165.6	46.9	46.2	47.5	52.6		193.2
Nonrecurring revenue - non-GAAP	66.6	62.8	66.2	72.7	268.2	61.4	66.7	59.4	82.1		269.6
Total revenue - non-GAAP	\$ 102.8 \$	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	118.9	\$ 433.8	\$ 108.3 \$	112.9 \$	106.9 \$	134.7	\$	462.8

CIS Constant Currency

		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended		Three Months	Ended		Year Ended
(\$ in millions)	4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/31/2020
GAAP										
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 91.0 \$	94.7 \$	99.1 \$	110.3	\$ 395.1	\$ 102.7	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	118.7	\$ 433.4
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 102.7 \$	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	118.7	\$ 433.4	\$ 108.2	112.9 \$	106.9 \$	129.1	\$ 457.1
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (8)	\$ 101.0 \$	105.0 \$	108.0 \$	121.0	\$ 434.0	\$ 110.0	114.0 \$	108.0 \$	130.0	\$ 461.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	12.9%	11.4%	7.4%	7.6%	9.7%	5.3%	7.0%	0.4%	8.8%	5.5%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	-1.9%	-0.5%	1.5%	2.1%	0.1%	1.8%	1.0%	1.0%	0.7%	0.9%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	 11.0%	10.9%	8.9%	9.7%	 9.8%	 7.1%	8.0%	1.4%	9.5%	 6.4%
Non-GAAP										
Revenue for the three months ended prior period	\$ 91.0 \$	94.7 \$	99.3 \$	110.4	\$ 395.4	\$ 102.8	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	118.9	\$ 433.8
Revenue for the three months ended current period	\$ 102.8 \$	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	118.9	\$ 433.8	\$ 108.3	112.9 \$	106.9 \$	134.7	\$ 462.8
Revenue for the three months ended current period at constant currency (8)	\$ 101.0 \$	105.0 \$	108.0 \$	121.0	\$ 434.0	\$ 110.0	114.0 \$	108.0 \$	135.0	\$ 467.0
Reported period-over-period revenue growth	12.9%	11.4%	7.3%	7.7%	9.7%	5.3%	7.0%	0.4%	13.3%	6.7%
% impact from change in foreign currency exchange rates	-2.0%	-0.6%	1.5%	1.9%	0.1%	1.7%	1.0%	1.0%	0.3%	1.0%
Constant currency period-over-period revenue growth	10.9%	10.8%	8.8%	9.6%	9.8%	7.0%	8.0%	1.4%	13.6%	7.7%

CIS Operating Expenses

			Three Months	Ended		Year Ended			Three Months	ns Ended				Year Ended
(\$ in millions)		4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019		1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Research and Development, net														
Segment expenses	\$	20.6 \$	20.3 \$			\$ 81.0	\$	21.9 \$	22.4 \$	\$ 22.8	\$	23.6	\$	90.7
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)		0.5	1.0	0.9	0.9	3.4		0.9	1.2	1.0		1.6		4.7
Shared support service allocation (5)		2.3	1.9	2.0	1.9	 8.1		2.2	2.1	2.4		2.6		9.2
GAAP research and development, net as a % of GAAP revenue	\$	23.4 \$ 22.8%	23.2 \$ 22.0%	21.8 20.5%	•	\$ 92.5 21.3%	\$	25.0 \$ 23.1%	25.7 \$ 22.8%	\$ 26.2 24.5%	•	27.7 21.5%	\$	104.6 22.9%
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)		(0.5)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(0.9)	(3.4)		(0.9)	(1.2)	(1.0))	(1.6)		(4.7)
Acquisition expenses, net (6)		-	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)		(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.0)		(0.1)		(0.3)
Restructuring expenses (6)		-	-	(0.1)		(0.2)		(0.1)	-	(0.1)		(0.1)		(0.5)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP research and development, net	\$	22.9 \$	22.2 \$			\$ 88.8	\$		24.4 \$				\$	99.2
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		22.3%	21.0%	19.5%	19.2%	20.5%		22.0%	21.6%	23.4%	J	19.2%		21.4%
Selling, General and Administrative expenses														
Segment expenses	\$	19.5 \$	20.0 \$	18.7	\$ 21.9	\$ 80.1	\$	23.6 \$	22.4 \$	\$ 20.5	\$	25.0	\$	91.5
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)	•	4.9	4.3	4.3	4.2	17.8		4.6	5.3	4.8		6.6	·	21.3
Shared support service allocation (5)		11.9	11.0	10.5	13.5	47.3		13.5	14.1	13.2		13.8		54.6
	\$	36.3 \$				\$ 145.1	\$		41.8 \$				\$	167.3
GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	•				•		•	•			•			
as a % of GAAP revenue		35.3%	33.4%	31.4%	33.4%	33.5%		38.5%	37.1%	36.0%	,	35.1%		36.6%
Stock-based compensation expenses (4)		(4.9)	(4.3)	(4.3)	(4.2)	(17.8)		(4.6)	(5.3)	(4.8))	(6.6)		(21.3)
Acquisition expenses, net (6)		(0.8)	- '	(0.6)		(3.3)		(1.3)	(0.8)	(0.7)		(0.7)		(3.5)
Restructuring expenses (6)		(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(1.0)		(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.4)		(0.2)		(1.0)
Separation expenses (6)		(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.1)		(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.5)		(1.2)		(1.8)
Impairment charges (6)		-	`-	-	`-	`-		`-	`-	-		-		-
Other adjustments (6)		(0.2)	(0.1)	0.5	0.1	 0.3		(0.7)	(1.9)	(0.1)	,	(0.8)		(3.5)
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	30.2 \$	·			123.3	\$	*	33.6 \$				\$	136.3
as a % of non-GAAP revenue		29.4%	29.0%	27.0%	28.0%	28.4%		32.2%	29.8%	29.9%	,	26.6%		29.4%

CIS Gross Profit

			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended			Three Months	s Ended			Year Ended
(\$ in millions)		4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019		1/31/2019		4/30/2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020		1/31/2020
Total GAAP revenue	\$	102.7 \$	105.5 \$	106.5 \$	\$ 118.7	\$	433.4	\$	108.2 \$	112.9 \$	106.9 \$	129.1	\$	457.1
Segment product costs		25.0	23.4	22.9	19.3		90.6		17.9	18.7	20.1	26.7		83.3
Segment service expenses		16.8	17.8	17.2	18.3		70.2		18.7	18.9	16.5	16.6		70.8
Amortization of acquired technology		3.2	1.4	1.4	1.5		7.4		1.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		2.4
Stock-based compensation expenses (1)		0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5		1.3		0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7		1.9
Shared support expenses allocation (2)		1.2	0.9	1.3	1.1		4.5		1.1	1.6	1.4	1.3		5.4
Total GAAP cost of revenue	\$	46.3 \$	43.9 \$	43.1 \$	\$ 40.7	\$	174.0	\$	39.3 \$	40.0 \$	38.8 \$	45.7	\$	163.7
GAAP gross profit	\$	56.4 \$	61.6 \$	63.4 \$	\$ 78.0	\$	259.4	\$	68.9 \$	72.9 \$	68.2 \$	83.5	\$	293.4
GAAP gross margin		54.9%	58.4%	59.6%	65.7%	,	59.9%		63.7%	64.6%	63.7%	64.6%	,	64.2%
Revenue adjustments		0.1	-	-	0.2		0.4		0.1	-	-	5.6		5.7
Amortization of acquired technology		3.1	1.4	1.4	1.5		7.4		1.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		2.4
Stock-based compensation expenses (1)		0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5		1.3		0.3	0.4	0.4	0.7		1.9
Acquisition expenses, net (3)		-	-	-	0.1		0.1		-	-	0.0	0.0		0.0
Restructuring expenses (3)		0.1	0.3	_	0.1		0.5		0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1		0.9
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross profit	\$	59.9 \$	63.6 \$	65.1 \$		\$	269.1	\$	70.8 \$	74.1 \$			\$	
Estimated fully allocated non-GAAP gross margin	-	58.3%	60.3%	61.1%	67.6%	,	62.0%	•	65.4%	65.6%	64.7%	67.0%		65.7%

CIS Operating and EBITDA Margins

Three Months Ended				Year Ended		Three Months Ended					Year Ended	
4/30/2018	7/31/2018	10/31/2018	1/31/2019	1/31/2019	4/30/	2019	7/31/2019	10/31/2019	1/31/2020	1/	/31/2020	
\$ (3.5) \$	\$ 3.0 \$	8.1 \$	14.3	\$ 21.1	\$	2.1 \$	5.3 \$	3.4 \$	10.1	\$	20.9	
-3.4%	2.8%	7.6%	12.0%	4.9%		2.0%	4.7%	3.1%	7.8%		4.6%	
0.1	-	-	0.2	0.4		0.1	-	-	5.6		5.7	
3.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	7.4		1.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		2.4	
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		0.6	
5.5	5.7	5.5	5.6	22.5		5.8	6.9	6.2	8.9		27.8	
0.8	-	0.7	2.0	3.4		1.5	0.9	0.8	0.8		3.8	
0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	1.7		0.5	0.7	0.7	0.5		2.3	
0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1		0.0	0.1	0.5	1.2		1.8	
-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		- '	
0.2	0.1	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.3)	,	0.7	1.9	0.1	0.8		3.5	
		· ,		· · ·								
\$ 6.8 \$	\$ 10.8 \$	15.6 \$	24.2	\$ 57.0	\$	12.1 \$	16.1 \$	12.2 \$	28.5	\$	68.8	
2.8	2.5	2.4	2.5	10.4		2.7	2.8	3.0	3.1		11.6	
\$ 9.6 \$	\$ 13.3 \$	18.0 \$	26.7	\$ 67.4	\$	14.8 \$	18.9 \$	15.2 \$	31.6	\$	80.4	
6.6%	10.3%	14.6%	20.4%	13.1%	,	11.1%	14.3%	11.4%	21.1%		14.9%	
9.3%	12.6%	16.9%	22.5%			13.6%	16.7%	14.2%	23.4%		17.4%	
	\$ (3.5) \$ -3.4% 0.1 3.2 0.2 5.5 0.8 0.4 0.0 - 0.2 \$ 6.8 \$ 2.8 \$ 9.6 \$	\$ (3.5) 3.0 \$ -3.4% 2.8% 2.8% 0.1 - 3.2 1.4 0.2 0.1 5.5 5.7 0.8 - 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.0 0.1 - - 0.2 0.1 - - - 0.2 0.1 -	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 \$ (3.5) 3.0 8.1 \$ -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 0.1 - - - 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 5.5 0.8 - 0.7 0.7 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 - - - - 0.2 0.1 (0.5) 0.5 \$ 6.8 \$ 10.8 \$ 15.6 \$ 2.8 2.5 2.4 \$ \$ 9.6 \$ 13.3 \$ 14.6%	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 1/31/2019 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 0.1 - - 0.2 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 5.5 5.7 5.5 5.6 0.8 - 0.7 2.0 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.6 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 - - - - 0.2 0.1 (0.5) (0.1) \$ 6.8 \$ 10.8 \$ 15.6 \$ 24.2 2.8 2.5 2.4 2.5 \$ 9.6 \$ 13.3 \$ 18.0 \$ 26.7	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 1/31/2019 1/31/2019 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 \$ 21.1 -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 4.9% 0.1 - - 0.2 0.4 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 7.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.7 5.5 5.7 5.5 5.6 22.5 0.8 - 0.7 2.0 3.4 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.6 1.7 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 - - - - - 0.2 0.1 (0.5) (0.1) (0.3) \$ 6.8 10.8 15.6 24.2 \$ 57.0 2.8 2.5 2.4 2.5 10.4 \$ 9.6 13.3 18.0 20.4% \$ 67.4	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 1/31/2019 1/31/2019 4/30/2018 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 \$ 21.1 \$ 2.8 -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 4.9% 0.1 - - 0.2 0.4 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 7.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.7 5.5 5.7 5.5 5.6 22.5 0.8 - 0.7 2.0 3.4 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.6 1.7 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 - - - - - 0.2 0.1 (0.5) (0.1) (0.3) \$ 6.8 10.8 15.6 24.2 \$ 57.0 \$ 2.8 2.5 2.4 2.5 10.4 \$ \$ 9.6 13.3 18.0 20.4% 20.4% 13.1%	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 1/31/2019 1/31/2019 4/30/2019 4/30/2019 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 \$ 21.1 \$ 2.1 \$ -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 4.9% 2.0%	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 1/31/2018 1/31/2019 1/31/2019 4/30/2019 7/31/2019 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 \$ 21.1 \$ 2.1 \$ 5.3 \$ 1.7 0.1 - 3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 4.9% 2.0% 4.7% 0.1 - 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 7.4 1.3 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.1 0.1 0.4 5.5 5.7 5.5 5.6 22.5 5.8 6.9 0.8 - 0.7 0.7 2.0 3.4 1.5 0.9 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.6 1.7 0.5 0.7 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.1	\$align*** \$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 10/31/2018 1/31/2019 4/30/2019 7/31/2019 10/31/2019 1/31/2020 \$ (3.5) \$ 3.0 \$ 8.1 \$ 14.3 \$ 21.1 \$ 2.0% \$ 3.4 \$ 10.1 -3.4% 2.8% 7.6% 12.0% 4.9% 2.0% 4.7% 3.1% 7.8% 0.1 - - - 0.2 0.4 0.1 - - 5.6 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 7.4 1.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 5.5 5.7 5.5 5.6 22.5 5.8 6.9 6.2 8.9 0.8 - 0.7 2.0 3.4 1.5 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.6 1.7 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.5<	4/30/2018 7/31/2018 1/31/2019 1/31/2019 4/30/2019 7/31/2019 10/31/2019 1/31/2020 1/31/2020 1/31/2019 <	

CIS Footnotes

Note: Amounts may not foot throughout the workbook due to rounding.

- Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual segment operations and service expense wages, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks) applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net and restructuring expenses applicable to cost of revenue, allocated proportionally based upon prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the stock-based compensation expenses applicable to research and development, net and selling, general and administrative,

 (4) allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- Represents our shared support expenses (as disclosed in segment footnote in Form 10-Qs and 10-Ks), allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative non-GAAP operating margins of our two businesses.
- Represents the portion of our acquisition expenses, net, restructuring expenses, separation expenses, impairment charges and other adjustments, allocated proportionally based upon our prior full year ended, annual non-GAAP segment revenue, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative GAAP and non-GAAP gross margins of our two businesses.
- Represents certain depreciation and amortization expenses, which are otherwise included in our non-GAAP operating income, allocated proportionally based upon our non-GAAP segment revenue for the prior full year ended, which we believe provides a reasonable approximation for purposes of understanding the relative adjusted EBITDA of our two businesses.
- Revenue for the current period at constant currency is calculated by translating current-period GAAP or non-GAAP foreign currency revenue (as applicable) into U.S. dollars using average foreign currency exchange rates for the same prior period rather than actual current-period foreign currency exchange rates.

CIS Supplemental Information About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following tables include reconciliations of certain financial measures not prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"), consisting of non-GAAP revenue, non-GAAP software (includes cloud and support), non-GAAP professional services, non-GAAP recurring revenue, non-GAAP nonrecurring revenue, non-GAAP cloud revenue, non-GAAP saaS revenue, non-GAAP optional managed services revenue, estimated fully allocated cost of revenue, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated gross profit and gross margins, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated research and development, net, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated selling, general and administrative expenses, estimated GAAP and non-GAAP fully allocated operating income and operating margins, non-GAAP other income (expense), net, non-GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes and non-GAAP effective income tax rate, non-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., non-GAAP net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc., estimated fully allocated adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margins, net debt, non-GAAP segment expenses, non-GAAP shared support expenses and constant currency measures. The tables above include a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure for completed periods presented in this press release to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

We believe these non-GAAP financial measures, used in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP measures, provide investors with useful supplemental information about the financial performance of our business by:

- •facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends between periods, by excluding certain items that either can vary significantly in amount and frequency, are based upon subjective assumptions, or in certain cases are unplanned for or difficult to forecast,
- •facilitating the comparison of our financial results and business trends with other technology companies who publish similar non-GAAP measures, and
- •allowing investors to see and understand key supplementary metrics used by our management to run our business, including for budgeting and forecasting, resource allocation, and compensation matters.

We also make these non-GAAP financial measures available because a number of our investors have informed us that they find this supplemental information useful.

Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation as substitutes for, or superior to, comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures we present have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP, and these non-GAAP financial measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures do not represent discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business, and we may in the future incur expenses similar to or in addition to the adjustments made in these non-GAAP financial measures. Other companies may calculate similar non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Our non-GAAP financial measures are calculated by making the following adjustments to our GAAP financial measures:

- •Revenue adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP revenue the impact of fair value adjustments required under GAAP relating to cloud services and customer support contracts acquired in a business acquisition, which would have otherwise been recognized on a stand-alone basis. We believe that it is useful for investors to understand the total amount of revenue that we and the acquired company would have recognized on a stand-alone basis under GAAP, absent the accounting adjustment associated with the business acquisition. Our non-GAAP revenue also reflects certain adjustments from aligning an acquired company's revenue recognition policies to our policies. We believe that our non-GAAP revenue measure helps management and investors understand our revenue trends and serves as a useful measure of ongoing business performance.
- •Amortization of acquired technology and other acquired intangible assets. When we acquire an entity, we are required under GAAP to record the fair values of the intangible assets of the acquired entity and amortize those assets over their useful lives. We exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets, including acquired technology, from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions. We also exclude these amounts to provide easier comparability of pre- and post-acquisition operating results.
- •Stock-based compensation expenses. We exclude stock-based compensation expenses related to restricted stock awards, stock bonus programs, bonus share programs, and other stock-based awards from our non-GAAP financial measures. We evaluate our performance both with and without these measures because stock-based compensation is typically a non-cash expense and can vary significantly over time based on the timing, size and nature of awards granted, and is influenced in part by certain factors which are generally beyond our control, such as the volatility of the price of our common stock. In addition, measurement of stock-based compensation is subject to varying valuation methodologies and subjective assumptions, and therefore we believe that excluding stock-based compensation from our non-GAAP financial measures allows for meaningful comparisons of our current operating results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.

CIS Supplemental Information About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

•Unrealized gains and losses on certain derivatives, net. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures unrealized gains and losses on certain foreign currency derivatives which are not designated as hedges under accounting guidance. We exclude unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivatives that serve as economic hedges against variability in the cash flows of recognized assets or liabilities, or of forecasted transactions. These contracts, if designated as hedges under accounting guidance, would be considered "cash flow" hedges. These unrealized gains and losses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are non-cash transactions which are highly variable from period to period. Upon settlement of these foreign currency derivatives, any realized gain or loss is included in our non-GAAP financial measures.

•Amortization of convertible note discount. Our non-GAAP financial measures exclude the amortization of the imputed discount on our convertible notes. Under GAAP, certain convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion are required to be bifurcated into separate liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components in a manner that reflects the issuer's assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate. For GAAP purposes, we are required to recognize imputed interest expense on the difference between our assumed non-convertible debt borrowing rate and the coupon rate on our \$400.0 million of 1.50% convertible notes. This difference is excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that this expense is based upon subjective assumptions and does not reflect the cash cost of our convertible debt.

•Losses and expenses on early retirements or modifications of debt. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures losses on early retirements of debt attributable to refinancing or repaying our debt, and expenses incurred to modify debt terms, because we believe they are not reflective of our ongoing operations.

•Acquisition expenses, net. In connection with acquisition activity (including with respect to acquisitions that are not consummated), we incur expenses, including legal, accounting, and other professional fees, integration costs, changes in the fair value of contingent consideration obligations, and other costs. Integration costs may consist of information technology expenses as systems are integrated across the combined entity, consulting expenses, marketing expenses, and professional fees, as well as non-cash charges to write-off or impair the value of redundant assets. We exclude these expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are unpredictable, can vary based on the size and complexity of each transaction, and are unrelated to our continuing operations or to the continuing operations of the acquired businesses.

•Restructuring expenses. We exclude restructuring expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures, which include employee termination costs, facility exit costs, certain professional fees, asset impairment charges, and other costs directly associated with resource realignments incurred in reaction to changing strategies or business conditions. All of these costs can vary significantly in amount and frequency based on the nature of the actions as well as the changing needs of our business and we believe that excluding them provides easier comparability of pre- and post-restructuring operating results.

• Separation expenses. On December 4, 2019, we announced our intention to separate into two independent publicly traded companies: one which will consist of our Customer Engagement Solutions business, and one which will consist of our Cyber Intelligence Solutions business. We are incurring significant expenses to prepare for this separation, including third-party advisory, accounting, legal, consulting, and other similar services related to the separation as well as costs associated with the operational separation of the two businesses, including those related to human resources, brand management, real estate, and information technology to the extent not capitalized. Separation expenses also include incremental cash income taxes related to the reorganization of legal entities and operations in order to effect the separation. These costs are incremental to our normal operating expenses and are being incurred solely as a result of the separation transaction. Accordingly, we are excluding these separation expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures in order to evaluate our performance on a comparable basis.

•Impairment charges and other adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures asset impairment charges (other than those associated with restructuring or acquisition activity), rent expense for redundant facilities, gains or losses on sales of property, gains or losses on settlements of certain legal matters, and certain professional fees unrelated to our ongoing operations, including \$7.8 million of fees and expenses related to a shareholder proxy contest that was settled during three months ended July 31, 2019, all of which are unusual in nature and can vary significantly in amount and frequency.

CIS Supplemental Information About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

•Non-GAAP income tax adjustments. We exclude our GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes from our non-GAAP measures of net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., and instead include a non-GAAP provision for income taxes, determined by applying a non-GAAP effective income tax rate to our income before provision for income taxes, as adjusted for the non-GAAP items described above. The non-GAAP effective income tax rate is generally based upon the income taxes we expect to pay in the reporting year. Our GAAP effective income tax rate can vary significantly from year to year as a result of tax law changes, settlements with tax authorities, changes in the geographic mix of earnings including acquisition activity, changes in the projected realizability of deferred tax assets, and other unusual or period-specific events, all of which can vary in size and frequency. We believe that our non-GAAP effective income tax rate removes much of this variability and facilitates meaningful comparisons of operating results across periods. Our non-GAAP effective income tax rates for the year ended January 31, 2020 is 8%, and was 11% for the year ended January 31, 2019. We evaluate our non-GAAP effective income tax rate on an ongoing basis and it can change from time to time. Our non-GAAP income tax rate can differ materially from our GAAP effective income tax rate.

Cyber Intelligence Recurring and Nonrecurring Revenue Metrics

Recurring revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, primarily consists of initial and renewal support, subscription software licenses, and SaaS in certain limited transactions.

Nonrecurring revenue, on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, primarily consists of our perpetual licenses, long-term projects including software customizations that are recognized over time using a percentage of completion ("POC") method, consulting, implementation and installation services, training, and hardware.

We believe that recurring and nonrecurring revenue provide investors with useful insight into the nature and sustainability of our revenue streams. The recurrence of these revenue streams in future periods depends on a number of factors including contractual periods and customers' renewal decisions. Please see "Revenue adjustments" above for an explanation for why we present these revenue numbers on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure defined as net income (loss) before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depreciation expense, amortization expense, revenue adjustments, restructuring expenses, acquisition expenses, and other expenses excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures as described above. We believe that adjusted EBITDA is also commonly used by investors to evaluate operating performance between companies because it helps reduce variability caused by differences in capital structures, income taxes, stock-based compensation accounting policies, and depreciation and amortization policies. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by credit rating agencies, lenders, and other parties to evaluate our creditworthiness.

Net Debt

Net Debt is a non-GAAP measure defined as the sum of long-term and short-term debt on our consolidated balance sheet, excluding unamortized discounts and issuance costs, less the sum of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, restricted cash equivalents, restricted bank time deposits, and restricted investments (including long-term portions), and short-term investments. We use this non-GAAP financial measure to help evaluate our capital structure, financial leverage, and our ability to reduce debt and to fund investing and financing activities, and believe that it provides useful information to investors.

Supplemental Information About Constant Currency

Because we operate on a global basis and transact business in many currencies, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our consolidated U.S. dollar operating results. To facilitate the assessment of our performance excluding the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we calculate our GAAP and non-GAAP revenue, cost of revenue, and operating expenses on both an as-reported basis and a constant currency basis, allowing for comparison of results between periods as if foreign currency exchange rates had remained constant. We perform our constant currency calculations by translating current-period foreign currency results into U.S. dollars using prior-period average foreign currency exchange rates or hedge rates, as applicable, rather than current period exchange rates. We believe that constant currency measures, which exclude the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, facilitate the assessment of underlying business trends.

Unless otherwise indicated, our financial outlook for revenue, operating margin, and diluted earnings per share, which is provided on a non-GAAP basis, reflects foreign currency exchange rates approximately consistent with rates in effect when the outlook is provided.

We also incur foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the revaluation and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. We periodically report our historical non-GAAP diluted net income per share both inclusive and exclusive of these net foreign exchange gains or losses. Our financial outlook for diluted earnings per share includes net foreign exchange gains or losses incurred to date, if any, but does not include potential future gains or losses.