Verint Systems Inc. and Subsidiaries Supplemental Information About Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The following tables include a reconciliation of certain financial measures consisting of non-GAAP revenue, non-GAAP gross profit and gross margin, non-GAAP operating income and operating margin, non-GAAP other income (expense), net, non-GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes, non-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc., non-GAAP net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc., adjusted EBITDA, net debt, and constant currency measures prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") to the most directly comparable financial measures not prepared in accordance with GAAP ("non-GAAP"). Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures we present in the following tables have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with GAAP, and these non-GAAP financial measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the corresponding GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures do not represent discretionary cash available to us to invest in the growth of our business, and we may in the future incur expenses similar to or in addition to the adjustments made in these non-GAAP financial measures.

We believe that the non-GAAP financial measures we present in the following tables provide meaningful supplemental information regarding our operating results primarily because they exclude certain non-cash charges or items that we do not believe are reflective of our ongoing operating results when budgeting, planning and forecasting, determining compensation, and when assessing the performance of our business with our individual operating segments or our senior management. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures also facilitate the comparison by management and investors of results between periods and among our peer companies. However, those companies may calculate similar non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Adjustments to Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Revenue adjustments related to acquisitions. We exclude from our non-GAAP revenue the impact of fair value adjustments required under GAAP relating to acquired customer support contracts which would have otherwise been recognized on a standalone basis. We exclude these adjustments from our non-GAAP financial measures because these are not reflective of our ongoing operations.

Amortization of acquired technology and other acquired intangible assets. When we acquire an entity, we are required under GAAP to record the fair values of the intangible assets of the acquired entity and amortize those assets over their useful lives. We exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets, including acquired technology, from our non-GAAP financial measures. These expenses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are non-cash charges. In addition, these amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions. Thus, we also exclude these amounts to provide better comparability of pre- and post-acquisition operating results.

Stock-based compensation expenses. We exclude stock-based compensation expenses related to stock options, restricted stock awards and units, stock bonus programs, bonus share programs and phantom stock from our non-GAAP financial measures. These expenses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are primarily non-cash charges.

Other adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures legal fees, other professional fees, integration expenses, and certain other expenses associated with acquisitions, whether or not consummated, and certain extraordinary transactions, including reorganizations, restructurings, and asset impairment charges. Also excluded are changes in the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities associated with business combinations.

These expenses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that they are not reflective of our ongoing operations.

Unrealized gains and losses on certain derivatives, net. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures unrealized gains and losses on certain foreign currency derivatives which are not designated as hedges under accounting guidance. We exclude unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivatives that serve as economic hedges against variability in the cash flows of recognized assets or liabilities, or of forecasted transactions. These contracts, if designated as hedges under accounting guidance, would be considered "cash flow" hedges. These unrealized gains and losses are excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because they are non-cash transactions which are highly variable from period to period and which we believe are not reflective of our ongoing operations. Upon settlement of these foreign currency derivatives, any realized gain or loss is included in our non-GAAP financial measures.

Effective in the year ending January 31, 2016, our non-GAAP financial measures include unrealized gains and losses on foreign currency derivatives that serve as economic hedges against exposures to changes in the fair values of recognized assets or liabilities. These contracts, if designated as hedges under accounting guidance, would be considered "fair value" hedges. For periods ended prior to February 1, 2015, these unrealized gains and losses were excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures. For our non-GAAP financial measures, this change better aligns the recognition of gains and losses on the re-measurement of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities with the recognition of offsetting gains and losses (whether realized or unrealized) on foreign currency derivatives which are executed to help mitigate re-measurement risk. Had this change been applied to our non-GAAP financial measures for the year ended January 31, 2015, non-GAAP net income would have increased by \$0.4 million, consisting of increases (decreases) of \$(0.7) million, \$0.9 million, \$1.5 million, and \$(1.3) million for the three months ended April 30, 2014, July 31, 2014, October 31, 2014, and January 31, 2015, respectively.

Losses on early retirements of debt. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures losses on early retirements of debt attributable to refinancing or repaying our debt because we believe they are not reflective of our ongoing operations.

Amortization of convertible note discount. Under GAAP, certain convertible debt instruments that may be settled in cash upon conversion are required to be bifurcated into separate liability (debt) and equity (conversion option) components in a manner that reflects the issuer's non-convertible debt borrowing rate. As a result, for GAAP purposes, we are required to recognize imputed interest expense in amounts significantly in excess of the coupon rate on our \$400.0 million of 1.50% convertible notes. The difference between the imputed interest expense and the coupon interest expense is excluded from our non-GAAP financial measures because we believe that this non-cash expense is not reflective of ongoing operations.

Non-cash tax adjustments. We exclude from our non-GAAP financial measures non-cash tax adjustments, which represent the difference between the amount of taxes we expect to pay related to current year income, and our GAAP tax provision on an annual basis. On a quarterly basis, this adjustment reflects our expected annual effective tax rate on a cash basis.

Supplemental Information About Constant Currency

Because we operate on a global basis and transact business in many currencies, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our consolidated U.S. dollar operating results. To facilitate the assessment of our performance excluding the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, we calculate our non-GAAP revenue, cost of revenue, and operating expenses on both an as-reported basis and a constant currency basis, allowing for comparison of results between periods as if foreign currency exchange rates had remained constant. We perform our constant currency calculations by translating current-period foreign currency revenue and expenses into U.S. dollars using prior-period average foreign currency exchange rates or hedge rates, as applicable, rather

than current period exchange rates. We believe that constant currency change rates, which exclude the impact of foreign currency exchange rate changes, facilitate the assessment of underlying business trends.

Unless otherwise indicated, our financial outlook for revenue, operating margin, and diluted earnings per share, which is provided on a non-GAAP basis, reflects foreign currency exchange rates approximately consistent with rates in effect when the outlook is provided.

We also incur foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the revaluation and settlement of monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. We periodically report our historical non-GAAP diluted net income per share both inclusive and exclusive of these net foreign exchange gains or losses. Our financial outlook for diluted earnings per share includes net foreign exchange gains or losses incurred to date, if any, but does not include potential future gains or losses.

(in thousands, except per share data)		April 30, 2015		Three Months Ended July 31, 2015 ⁽¹⁾ October 31, 2015			Ignu	ary 31, 2016	Year Ended January 31, 2016	
		11 30, 2013	July	31, 2013	Octobe	1 31, 2013	- 34114	ary 51, 2010	January 51	, 2010
able of Reconciliation from GAAP Revenue to Non-GAAP Revenue										
AAP revenue	\$	269,536	\$	295,882	\$	284,054	\$	280,794	\$	1,130,266
evenue adjustments related to acquisitions		821		1,217		1,290		1,047		4,375
on-GAAP revenue	\$	270,357	\$	297,099	\$	285,344	\$	281,841	\$	1,134,641
ble of Reconciliation from GAAP Gross Profit to Non-GAAP Gross Profit										
AAD	6	166 262		177 244	¢	178,537	¢	170 116	e	701 260
GAAP gross profit GAAP gross margin	3	166,363	3	177,344 59.9%	3	62.9%	\$	179,116 63.8%	\$	701,360 62.1%
evenue adjustments related to acquisitions		821		1,217		1,290		1,047		4,375
mortization of acquired technology and backlog		7,980		9,856		9,060		8,878		35,774
tock-based compensation expenses		596		2,286		2,192		2,111		7,185
ther adjustments		413		3,216		210		2,486		6,325
Jon-GAAP gross profit	\$	176,173	\$	193,919	\$	191,289	\$	193,638	\$	755,019
Non-GAAP gross margin	φ	65.2%	٩	65.3%	φ	67.0%	Ф	68.7%	Ψ	66.5%
ion-GAAP gross margin		65.2%		65.5%		67.0%		68.7%		66.5%
able of Reconciliation from GAAP Operating Income to Non-GAAP Operating Income										
AAP operating income	\$	9,610	\$	8,710	\$	22,328	\$	27,204	\$	67,852
As a percentage of GAAP revenue		3.6%		2.9%		7.9%		9.7%		6.0%
evenue adjustments related to acquisitions		821		1,217		1,290		1,047		4,375
nortization of acquired technology and backlog		7,980		9,856		9,060		8,878		35,774
nortization of other acquired intangible assets		10,737		10,733		10,896		10,764		43,130
ock-based compensation expenses		14,850		18,983		16,424		14,292		64,549
ther adjustments		7,322		9,500		3,173		8,539		28,534
n-GAAP operating income	\$	51,320	\$	58,999	\$	63,171	\$	70,724	\$	244,214
s a percentage of non-GAAP revenue		19.0%		19.9%		22.1%		25.1%		21.5%
ble of Reconciliation from GAAP Other Expense, Net to Non-GAAP Other Expense, Net										
LID d	s	(7.022)		(11.040)		(12.207)	di .	(12.504)		(14.672)
AAP other expense, net	2	(7,932)	\$	(11,849)	\$	(12,307)	\$	(12,584)	\$	(44,672)
nrealized losses (gains) on derivatives, net		421		(296)		(126)		(2)		(3)
nortization of convertible note discount		2,480		2,514		2,548		2,581		10,123
ther adjustments	_	59	_	243	-	1,613	-	1,406	_	3,321
on-GAAP other expense, net	\$	(4,972)	\$	(9,388)	\$	(8,272)	\$	(8,599)	\$	(31,231)
able of Reconciliation from GAAP Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes to Non-GAAP Provision for Income Taxes										
GAAP provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$	947	\$	2,621	\$	1,551	\$	(4,167)	\$	952
on-cash tax adjustments		2,984		1,646		3,248		8,335		16,213
on-GAAP provision for income taxes	\$	3,931	\$	4,267	\$	4,799	\$	4,168	\$	17,165
able of Reconciliation from GAAP Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Verint Systems Inc. to Non-GAAP Net Income Attributab	le to Verint Systems	Inc.								
AAP net (loss) income attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	(416)	\$	(7,085)	\$	7,634	\$	17,505	\$	17,638
evenue adjustments related to acquisitions		821		1,217		1,290		1,047		4,375
ortization of acquired technology and backlog		7,980		9,856		9,060		8,878		35,774
ortization of other acquired intangible assets		10,737		10,733		10,896		10,764		43,130
ck-based compensation expenses		14,850		18,983		16,424		14,292		64,549
ner adjustments		7,381		9,743		4,786		9,945		31,855
realized losses (gains) on derivatives, net		421		(296)		(126)		(2)		(3)
nortization of convertible note discount		2,480		2,514		2,548		2,581		10,123
n-cash tax adjustments		(2,984)		(1,646)		(3,248)		(8,335)		(16,213)
tal GAAP net (loss) income adjustments	-	41,686		51,104	-	41,630	-	39,170	-	173,590
n-GAAP net income attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	41,270	\$	44.019	S	49,264	\$	56,675	S	191,228
		41,270	ې	44,019	φ	47,404	φ	30,073	Ψ	171,220

	Three Months Ended								
(in thousands, except per share data)	April 30, 2015		July 31, 2015 ⁽¹⁾		October 31, 2015		January 31, 2016	January 31, 2016	
Table Comparing GAAP Diluted Net (Loss) Income Per Common Share Attributable to Verint Systems Inc. to Non-GAAP Diluted N	Vet Income Per C	ommon Share Attrib	outable to V	Jerint Systems					
Inc.	tot meome rer e	Online Online Online	outhore to	Crint Dysteins					
GAAP diluted net (loss) income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.12	\$ 0.28	\$	0.28
Non-GAAP diluted net income per common share attributable to Verint Systems Inc.	\$	0.66	\$	0.70	\$	0.78	\$ 0.90	\$	3.04
Shares used in computing GAAP diluted net (loss) income per common share		61,041		61,733		62,778	62,900		62,921
Shares used in computing non-GAAP diluted net income per common share		62,389		62,773		62,778	62,900		62,921
Table of Reconciliation from GAAP Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Verint Systems Inc. to Adjusted EBITDA									
GAAP net (loss) income attributable to Verint Systems Inc. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest Provision (benefit) for income taxes Other expense, net Depreciation and amortization ⁽²⁾ Revenue adjustments related to acquisitions Stock-based compensation expenses Other adjustments Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(416) 1,147 947 7,932 24,290 821 14,850 7,304 56,875	\$	(7,085) 1,325 2,621 11,849 26,558 1,217 18,983 9,485 64,953	\$	7,634 836 1,551 12,307 26,290 1,290 16,424 3,058 69,390	\$ 17,505 1,282 (4,167 12,584 26,037 1,047 14,292 8,569 \$ 77,149	\$	17,638 4,590 952 44,672 103,175 4,375 64,549 28,416 268,367
Table of Reconciliation from Gross Debt to Net Debt	April 30, 2015		July 31, 2015		October 31, 2015		January 31, 2016	_	
Current maturities of long-term debt Long-term debt Unamortized debt discounts and issuance costs Gross debt Less: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and bank time deposits Short-term investments Net debt	\$	10 729,112 82,030 811,152 321,028 24,166 68,517 397,441	\$	731,958 79,184 811,142 306,187 19,686 59,721 425,548	\$	1,052 733,951 76,139 811,142 272,260 17,910 94,897 426,075	\$ 2,104 735,983 73,055 811,142 352,105 11,820 55,982 \$ 391,235	- - -	

⁽¹⁾ GAAP operating results for the nine months ended October 31, 2015 reflect the correction of an immaterial overstatement of stock-based compensation expense as previously reported for the three and six months ended July 31, 2015. Please refer to our October 31, 2015 Form 10-Q, when filed with the SEC, for further details.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted for financing fee amortization.